Beaver Radical

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VOLUME V. BEAVER, PENN'A, FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1873. NUMBER 34

Railroads.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY.—On and after June 29, 1873, trains will leave stations as follows:

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	EXPR,S.	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	EXPR'S
Pittsburgh	1.45AM	6.00AM	9.10AM	1.30PM
Rochester	2.50	7.28	10.23	2.38
Alliance	5.10	10.40	12.50PM	5.08
Orrville	6.51	1.00PM	3.01	7.06
Mansfield	8.55	3.18	5.09	9.11
Crestline Ar	9.30	4.00	5.40	9.40
Crestline De	9.40	5.35AM	6.00	9.50
Forest	11.05	7.35	7.55	11.15
Lima	12.08PM	9.00	9.15	12.17AM
Fort Wayne	2.20	11.50	11.50	2.35
Plymouth	4.45	2.35PM	2.55AM	5.05
Chicago	7.50	6.30	6.50	8.20PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	MAIL	EXPR'S.	EXPR'S.	EXPR'S.
Chicago	5.15AM	9.30AM	5.30PM	9.30PM
Plymouth	9.15	12.02PM	8.55	1.10AM
Fort Wayne	12.01PM	2.00	11.15	4.00
Lima	2.45	4.07	1.18AM	6.40
Forest	4.00	5.08	2.27	8.10
Crestline Ar	5.35	6.30	4.05	10.10
Crestline De	6.00AM	6.50	4.15	10.30AM
Mansfield	6.40	7.19	4.43	11.00
Orrville	9.16	9.30	6.37	1.00PM
Alliance	11.00	10.55	8.05	2.25
Rochester	2.48PM		10.40	4.53
Pittsburgh	4.00	2.20	11.45AM	6.00

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. On and after June 29, 1873, trains will leave stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows;

GOING SOUTH—MAIN LINE.

STATIONS.	EXPR'S.	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	ACCOM
Cleveland		8.30AM	1.55PM	4.05PM
Hudson		9.41	5.02	5.23
Ravenna		10.13	5.33	5.53
Alliance		11.05	6.12	6.40
Bayard		11.39	6.41	
Wellsville		1.10PM	8.00	
Pittsburgh		3.40	10.30	

GOING NORTH—MAIN LINE.

STATIONS.	EXPR'S.	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	ACCOM.
Pittsburgh		6.30AM	1.15PM	
Wellsville		8.40	3.10	
Bayard		10.25	4.30	
Alliance		11.00	4.55	7.25AM
Ravenna		12.02PM	5.53	8.15
Hudson		12.41	6.22	9.05
Cleveland		1.55	7.30	10.25

GOING EAST—RIVER DIVISION.

STATIONS.	ACCOM.	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	ACCOM
Bellair	5.45AM	10.50AM	5.40PM	
Bridgeport	5.55	11.00	5.50	
Steubenville	6.57	12.07PM	6.50	
Wellsville	8.00	1.05	7.53	
Rochester	9.30	2.35	9.25	
Pittsburgh	10.40	3.40	10.30	

GOING WEST—RIVER DIVISION.

STATIONS.	ACCOM	MAIL.	EXPR'S.	ACCOM.
Pittsburgh		6.30AM	1.15PM	4.30PM
Rochester		9.40	4.20	6.05
Wellsville		2.40	7.10	7.15
Steubenville		3.50	4.20	8.20
Bridgeport		11.00	5.25	9.45
Bellair		11.10	5.40	10.00

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH

Leaves	Arrives
N.Phila.6.40 am & 1.00 pm	Bayard, 9.45 am & 4.00pm
Bayard,12.10 & 5.00 p. m.	N. Phila. 3.00 a7,30 p m

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. —After December 22d, 1872, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot:		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive Union Depot.	
Pacific Exp's,	2:50 a m	Mail Train,	1:05 a m
Mail Train,	7:45 a m	Fast Line,	1:35 a m
Chicago Ex	12 20 p m	Pittsburgh Ex.	8.00 a m
Cincinnati Ex.	1:10 p m	Cincinnati Ex.	8:40 a m
Philadelp'a Ex.	5:20 p m	Southern Ex.	12:40 p m
Fast Line,	8:50 p m	Pacific Expr's,	1:10 p m
LOCAL.		Way Passenger,	9:50 p m
Walls No 1,	6:40 a m	LOCAL.	
Wilkinsb'g Ac No 1	7:05 a m	Walls No 1	6:30 a m
Walls No 2,	10:20 a m	Brinton Ac. No1,	7:30 a m
Walls No 3,	11:45 a m	Wilkinsburg Ac No 1	8:20 a m
Wilkinsburg Ac No 2	2:40 p m	Walls No 2,	9:10 a m
Walls No 4,	3:20 p m	Johnstown Ac.	10 10 a m
Johnstown Ac.	4:00 p m	Walls No 3,	1:45 p m
Brinton Accommodat'n No 1,	4 50 p m	Walls No 4	3:20 p m
Brinton Ac. No2	5:40 p m	Wilkinsburg Ac No 2	4.45 p m
Walls No 5,	6:15 p m	Walls Ac. No. 5	5:55 p m
Brinton Ac No3	9:20 p m	Brinton No 2,	6:50 p m
Walls Ac.No.6	11:05 p m	Brinton Ac. No3	7:25 p m
		Brinton Ac No4	11:10 p m

Chicago Express, Cincinnati Express, Fast Line and Brinton Ac. No. 3 leave daily.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday.

All other trains daily, except Sunday.

Pacific Express leaves Pittsburgh at 2:50 a m arriving at Harrisburg at 11:40 a m: Philadelphia 3:30 p m. Baltimore 3:00 p m; Washington 5:40 p m. New York 6:34 p m.

Chicago Express leaves Pittsburgh at 12.20 p m; arrives Harrisburg 10.20 p m; Philadelphia 2.30 a m; New York 6 10 a m.

Cincinnati Express leaves Pittsburgh at 1:10 p m; arrives at Harrisburg 10:45 p m; Philadelphia 2:50 a m; Baltimore 2:15 a m; Washington 5:00 a m, New York 6:10 a m.

Philadelphia Express leaves Pittsburgh at 5:20 p m; arrives at Harrisburg 2:55 a m; Philadelphia 6:55 a m, New York 10:14 a m.

Fast Line leaves Pittsburgh at 8:50 pm; arrives at Harrisburg 5:45 a m; Philadelphia 9:50 a m; Baltimore 10:05 a m; Washington 11:30 a m; New York 12:40 p m.

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:10 a m, reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 a m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12:30p m, and arrive at Wall's Station at 1:50 p m. Leave Pittsburgh 8:20 p m arrive Brinton's 10:30 p m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE—For the convenience of the citizens of Pittsburgh the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a city ticket office at No. 55 Fifth avenue corner of Smithfield street, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to principal stations can be purchased at any hour of the day or evening at the same rates as are charged at the depot.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from hotels and residences by Excelsior Baggage Express Co on orders left at the office.

For further information apply to

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager. D. M. BOYD, Jr., Gen. Pass. Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD

On and after Monday, July 29th, 1873, Three Through Trains daily, except Sunday, will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo and all points in the Oil Regions, and Western and Central New York.

	Leave.	Arrive
Buffalo Express	7.30 a m	8.25 p m
Night Express	9.30 p m	6.05 a m
Day Express	11.50 a m	5.45 a m
1st Brinton Ac	6.40 a m	6.30 a m
1st Soda Works Ac	9.45 a m	8.20 a m
Brady's Bend Ac	3.20 p m	10.10 a m
2d Brinton Ac	4 40 p m	9.05 a m
2d Soda Works Ac	5.50 p m	2.15 p m
3d Brinton Ac	10.50 p m	10.45 p m

A special Sunday train leaves Pittsburgh every Sunday at 7 30 a m, arriving at Parker at 12.18 a m. Returning leaves Parker at 4.30 p m, and arrives at Pittsburgh at 8 25 p m

Church train to and from Soda Works (Sunday) arrives at Pittsburgh at 10.10 a m, and leaves at 12.50 p m.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l. Supt.
H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

New Advertisements.

$3,000 FOR 20 CENTS.

Before you start on a journey, buy an Accident Insurance Ticket of the Railway Passengers Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn. Tickets for sale at railroad stations. Ask for an Insurance Ticket.

WYOMING SEMINARY AND COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

One of the largest Boarding Schools for sexes in the United States. Six courses of study. Military tactics, Commercial College Course and Telegraphing. Terms low. Fall term opens September 3d. Send for a Catalogue to Rev. D. COPELAND, A. M., or L. L. SPRAGUE, Kingston, Pa.

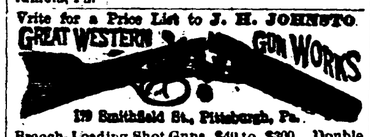
Collegiate & Commercial Institute, New Haven, Conn. Preparatory to college or business. Circulars sent on application. WM. H. RUSSELL, Principal.

COLUMBIA CLASSICAL INSTITUTE,

A Boarding School for Young Men and Boys. For Circulars address Rev. H. S. ALEXANDER, Columbia, Pa.

Write for a Price List to J. H. JOHNSTON.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS



179 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Breech-Loading Shot Guns, $40 to $300. Double Shot Guns $8 to $150. Single Guns $3 to $20. Rifles $8 to $75. Revolvers $5 to $25. Pistols $1 to $8 Gun Material, Fishing Tackle, &c. Large discounts to dealers and clubs. Army guns, revolvers, etc., bought or traded for. Goods sent by express, C. O. D. to be examined before paid for.

A FORTUNE.—How! By speculating in Stocks and Gold. Capital $10 to $100; will pay $100 to $1,000. Full explanation sent free. W. F. HUBBELL & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 39 Wall St., New York. Box 2382.

$25 MONEY MADE FAST $1,000.

By all who will work for us. If on writing you do not find us all square we will give you one dollar for your trouble. Send stamp for circulars to O. H. BUCKLEY & CO., Tekonsha, Mich.

$5 TO $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex young or old, make money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

Having struggled twenty years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC I experimented myself by compounding roots and herbs, and inhaling the Medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered a most wonderful remedy and sure cure for Asthma and its kindred diseases. Warranted to relieve the severest paroxysm instantly, so the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. One trial package sent by mail free of charge. Address D. LANGELL, Apple Creek, Wayne County, O.

THE LA CROIX MEDICAL DISPENSARY,

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

Is the oldest and most successful institution in this country for the treatment of Chronic and Sexual diseases. For terms of treatment call or address by mail address. S. H. HUNSDON, 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

GRANDEST SCHEME EVER KNOWN.

FOURTH GRAND GIFT CONCERT

For the benefit of the

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

$12,000 CASH GIFTS $1,500,000.

Every Fifth Ticket Draws a Gift.

$250,000 FOR $50.

The Fourth Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in Public Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky.,

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 3d, 1873.

Only sixty thousand tickets will be sold and one-half of these are intended for the European market, thus leaving only 30,000 for sale in the United States where 100,000 were disposed of for the third concert. The tickets are divided into ten coupons or parts and have on their back the scheme with a full explanation of the mode of drawing.

At this concert, which will be the grandest musical display ever witnessed in this country, the unprecedented sum of

$1,500,000,

divided into 12,000 cash gifts, will be distributed by lot among the ticket-holders. The numbers of the tickets are to be drawn from one wheel by blind children and the gifts from another.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift	17,500
10 Cash Gifts $10,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts $5,000 each	150,000
50 Cash Gifts $1,000 each	50,000
80 Cash Gifts $500 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts $400 each	40,000
150 Cash Gifts $300 each	45,000
250 Cash Gifts $200 each	50,000
325 Cash Gifts $100 each	32,500
11,000 Cash Gifts $50 each	550,000
Total 12,000 Cash Gifts amounting to	$1,500,000

The distribution will be positive, whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the tickets sold—all unsold tickets being destroyed as at the first and second concerts, and not represented in the drawing.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $50; Halves $25; Tenths, or each Coupon $5; Eleven whole tickets for $500; 22½ tickets for $1,000; 113 whole tickets for $5,000; 227 whole tickets for $10,000. No discount on less than $500 worth of Tickets at a time.

The unparalleled success of the Third Gift Concert, as well as the satisfaction given by the First and Second, makes it only necessary to announce the Fourth to insure the prompt sale of every ticket. The Fourth Grand Gift Concert will be conducted in all its details like the Third, and full particulars may be learned from circulars, which will be sent free from this office to all who apply for them.

Tickets are now ready for sale, and all orders accompanied by the money promptly filled. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,

Agent Public Library of Kentucky, and Manager Gift Concert, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

AGENTS WANTED

FOR THE NEW BOOK

Epidemic and Contagious Diseases

with the newest and best treatment for all cases. The only thorough work of the kind in the world. Embraces Small-Pox, Yellow Fever, Cholera, and all analogous diseases. No Family Safe Without it, and all buy it. Has 24 chromatic illustrations. The biggest chance of the season for agents. Address H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

The Beaver Radical.

The RADICAL is published every Friday morning at the following rates:

ONE YEAR, (payable in advance,)	$2,00
SIX MONTHS, " " "	1.00
THREE " " " "	50
SINGLE COPIES	05

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription at the option of the publisher, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines of this type, $8,00 per annum.

Advertisements by the month, quarter or year received, and liberal deductions made in proportion to length of advertisement and length of time of insertion.

Advertisements of 10 lines or less, $1,00 for one insertion, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

All advertisements, whether of displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

Special Notices inserted among loca. items at 10 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon by the month, quarter or year.

Advertisements of 5 lines or less, 50 cents for one insertion, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices charged as advertisements, and payable in advance.

Local news and matters of general interest communicated by any correspondent, with real name disclosed to the publisher, will be thankfully received. Local news solicited from every part of the county.

Publication Office: In THE RADICAL BUILDING Corner Diamond, Beaver, Pa.

All communications and business letters should be addressed to SMITH CURTIS, Beaver, Pa.

FROM WASHINGTON.

A Peculiar Case as to the Proper Person, Under Certain Conditions, to receive Letters from the Post Office, a Conflict of Authority—Government Advertising—The Great Inauguration Ball a Living Concern.

Correspondence of the Radical.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 25, 1873.

Assistant Attorney General Spence, of the Post Office Department, recently gave an opinion that will be highly interesting to postmasters everywhere, as cases similar to that to which the opinion relates are likely to arise any where at any time.

It seems that Alvan W. Chase, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, was the proprietor of a copy-right of a book and of a large printing house, and that he sold both the copy-right and the printing house to Rice A. Beal, contracting that all letters and packages received at the Ann Arbor post office addressed to him and not having the number of his private box written thereon should be delivered to Beal. The sale and the contract by mail being known to the postmaster such letters and packages as were described in the contract were delivered to Beal for upwards of two years. Mr. Chase, in September, 1872, directed the postmaster not to deliver such mail to Beal after that time. Beal then filed an injunction in one of the State courts restraining Chase from receiving the said mail, and the injunction now holds. The postmaster writes to the Postmaster General for instructions as to his duty in the premises. Mr. Spence is of the opinion that under the postal laws and regulations (sections 58 and 59, 1866,) that the postmaster at Ann Arbor cannot disregard the order of Chase which directs him to no longer deliver the letters to Beal. No one but to whom letters are addressed, or according to his or her order, can claim letters from the postmaster, and neither the postmaster nor any official of the Post Office Department has any right to construe the validity of contracts; neither can the courts of a State decide the duties of postmasters. The court may enjoin Chase from receiving the said letters, and as Chase has ordered that they be not delivered to Beal, the postmaster will have to hold them (unless Chase violates the order of the court and asks for them, in which case the postmaster will be compelled to deliver them to him) until further arrangements are effected or send them to the Department as unclaimed letters. The case is somewhat peculiar; the post office authorities refuse to deliver them to Beal, and the State courts enjoin Chase from receiving them.

Every newspaper man, and every body who has occasion to look over many newspapers, can not but be aware that the distribution of government advertising patronage has been managed very injudiciously. It is quite certain that in a large majority of cases the money paid for advertising by government officers has not been "placed where it would do the most good." The case of the papers published in this city is perhaps one of the best illustrations of the fact that much of this money is absolutely thrown away and might as well have been made a present to the publisher without asking them to insert the advertisement at all. A copy of the *Chronicle*, Harlan's paper, now lying on my table, contains several columns of government advertising, and in a majority of cases these advertisements are not likely to meet the eye of a single individual interested in the business to which they relate. Not three readers of the whole number who see this paper care a penny about the "proposals for cut granite work" for the custom house and post office building at Rockland, Maine; it is not likely an advertisement for "proposals for the erection of a light house at Hereford Inlet, New Jersey," published in a Washington paper will get any bidders; and it is quite certain that no person wishing to contract for furnishing mess pork and hard bread for the troops in Nebraska will ever see these advertisements. But even worse than this is done. Here I see proposals for forage to be delivered in New Mexico, in Oregon, and other points on the Pacific coast. This is nothing new, however. The *Chronicle* and *Republican* are not the first papers so favored. This thing has been going on for many years. In fact Washington papers generally derive their main support from government patronage, and whenever the administration changes hands they either change their politics or soon after suspend. Some of them are smart enough to do the former, and thereby make a good thing of it for quite a while.

Secretary Belknap has issued an order directing advertising to be done only in such papers as "from their location and circulation" are apt to be read by persons interested in the business referred to. This is a very just order and ought to be observed strictly, but it will go hard with some of the Washington papers if it should be enforced.

The reader has doubtless not forgotten the glowing descriptions of the great Inauguration Ball on the evening of the Fourth of last March published in the papers throughout the entire country, nor the many cuts *supposed* to represent the scenes of that occasion published in the papers throughout the entire country, nor the many cuts supposed to represent the scenes of that occasion, published in the illustrated weeklies. A huge building was erected at great expense for the occasion and tickets were offered at twenty dollars each. But, somehow or other, the sale of tickets was not rapid, and when the Fourth came it was an extremely cold and disagreeable day, and those who attended the ball that night in evening dress almost froze to death, as it was impossible to heat up so large a building. The ball was slimly attended and the projectors found themselves out of pocket to a considerable extent. Subsequently balls were given with tickets at two dollars, and afterwards promenade concerts at fifty cents, but it was impossible to realize enough to cover the expense. A few days since circulars were sent to the members of the committees who had the matter in charge calling on each to come down with three hundred dollars out of his own pocket to pay the expenses of the concern and liquidate their debts.

SAM.

CORRESPONDENCE.

INDUSTRY, BEAVER CO., PA., August 25th, 1873.

Since the date of my last letter, and after a long and wearisome ride, I have sat down with friends at home, and now "siak to my accustomed level."

The morning was clear and beautiful, (July 23th) when we started up the Yellowstone. All were anxious to see the partially explored river. Soldiers were detailed regularly to keep a constant lookout for the approach of any Indians, and a few were looking for game. (As I had been presented with a needle gun and forty rounds of amunition, at Fort Buford, I was among the latter.) Our pilots had never ascended this river, consequently, it was as new to them; but having many years experience on the upper Missouri, they were enabled to judge very correctly of the water and we made good progress. We numbered the islands and named the bluffs and bends to suit our own convenience, in short, we felt as if we were "monarchs of all we surveyed."

The day past delightfully, and all were particularly happy, hoping to be entirely rid of the mosquitos by the following morning—the Yellowstone does not abound with these troublesome insects, and if any, which had followed us, made their appearance, it was sure death to them. Late in the evening, when looking for a "soft place" to lay up over night, we observed in the bend above, a descending steamer. Gen. Stanley, who was in command of the expedition, had ordered her (steamer Key West) to return to Fort Buford when she was to be considered as discharged, and the steamer Josephine was to take her place. It was understood that I should change off on to the Key West with Capt. Todd when we met her. Meeting her at this point and under such circumstances, was quite a disappointment to me, but nevertheless I must make the change and go back down the river. Until a very late hour we talked and commented on the appearance of the new boat, of the Yellowstone, of the expedition and of the mosquitos. We had the mail for the expedition party on board, and upon its being opened to my surprise I saw a copy of THE BEAVER RADICAL, dated June 27th. Having turned back from this point I am not prepaired to give a very full description of this river, but from what I have seen and can learn, I should judge it to be very much like the character of the upper Missouri, except perhaps, a little more difficult to navigate. When about forty miles from the mouth, we found shoals and gravel banks, and these become more numerous as we ascended. In many places the banks are composed of a yellowish clay, colored perhaps by iron, which gives color to the water. Along the banks are found a great deal of petrifaction, and agate stones are picked up in large quantities. It has only been navigated as far as the mouth of Powder river, a distance of about 225 miles. An abundance of ash and cottonwood are found, sufficient to supply boats with fuel. The coal of which the western papers speak so much, is of a very inferior quality indeed.

We returned to Fort Buford the next day, and oh, the mosquitos, they seemed as thick as bees when swarming. I put on my head-net and gloves, and went up to the fort with some soldiers. The windows and doors of the houses were covered with mosquito bars to keep out the mosquitos, and at the same time to let in the fresh air. In order to gain admission we usually had to go to the back door, in front of which there was a small fire made of cotton wood bark. We stood in the smoke of this fire until the mosquitos had left us, and then "went" for the door, and gained admission. Since then I have considered it too trifling a matter to fight two mosquitos.

We left Buford on the evening of 29th, with a company of soldiers for Fort Rice, and Lieut. Col. Fred Grant and other officers for Yankton. I had met Fred a few days before, but had not had an opportunity of forming a very extensive acquaintance with him; however, as he remained on board about ten days, I became quite well acquainted with him. Of his personal character I shall not speak, except to say I found him very plain and unassuming.

We laid all night, on the 30th, at Fort Berthold, at which place we met quite a large crowd of Indians, anxious to sell or trade anything they had. I took the opportunity and purchased a couple of pairs of moccasin tops of a squaw. One of the bills I offered her she refused, because it was a little torn on one corner. Her reply was, "Wanich," which means "not good." I then got the brightest bill I could find, which she accepted replying, "Lele washta," which means "awful good."

At Bismark, (a town on the Missouri river opposite Ft. Abraham Lincoln, built up since April 1st, and which is the present terminus of the Northern Pacific Railroad,) Indian Commissioner H. C. Smith with wife and daughter came on board. At Grand River Agency, Mr. Smith had all the Indians about summoned to meet in council. In a short time we were all assembled together with the Indians in the shade of an old cabin, when the leading chief, "Running Antelope," stepped forward, shook hands with Smith, Fred Grant, and the agent at this point, and began his speech. He would speak but a couple of sentences and then wait for it to be interpreted. (This was done by a colored man by the name of "Black Hawk," who thinks he was the first "white" man that came to that country.) He complained very much of their treatment by their grandfather—meaning President Grant—and wished that he would give them horses and fields of corn. When the by-standing chief approved of what their speaker said, they would give a loud groan as if to pronounce the word "how," by drawling out the diphthong. No speeches were made by any of the white men, they merely asked them questions, and told them what they wanted them to do.

We arrived at Yankton on Thursday evening, August 7th, where I found quite a number of letters for me, also a copy of THE RADICAL, *Argus* and Pittsburgh *Commercial*, consequently I had employment to a very late hour.

On the following Sunday I attended Methodist Sunday School in Yankton, where we examined the same lesson that was being taught here on the same day—each using the International Series of lessons.

Miss Jennie Todd, the Captain's daughter, having heard of sickness at home, desired to leave immediately, and I having no particular engagement at the time, the Captain wished that I should accompany her. Agreeable to his wishes, we left Yankton on Tuesday morning August 12th, and arrived in Wellsville on the following Thursday afternoon. We occupied a Pullman Palace car to Chicago, and when night came on, attempted to take our usual rest and sleep, during which time we were hauled, feet foremost, nearly across the State of Iowa, and would not have objected to have been hauled the same way the next night, but all the sleeping berths were engaged. Arriving in Chicago, we changed cars for Cleveland, via the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern.

If you have ever traveled over this road, you know what a fine view one has of the lakes from the train. The scenery along the whole route is beautiful. At Cleveland we changed cars again for Wellsville and Industry, via the old reliable C. & P. R. R., and arrived at home on the evening of the 14th. The change of atmosphere was very great for me, at least I think I can feel it very sensibly. Whilst in Dakota I never had a cough or cold, slept frequently in the open air, but since I came home it seems I cannot go out without catching cold. I could see objects nearly three miles when there as clearly and distinctly as I can see them here but one mile.

As this will conclude my letters for the present, at least, I will say that I have not offered them as any literary production, but simply as a short and brief account of my trip expressed in plain words.

Very respectfully yours,

J. S. BRIGGS.

THE STATE TICKET.

The Republican State Convention met on Wednesday the 13th, at Harrisburg, and our telegraphic columns contained full accounts of the proceedings. The platform is an admirable one, and will meet with very general approval; and the whole spirit of the Convention gives token of the prevalence of the right temper and of a consciousness of the necessities of the occasion.

The nomination of Mr. Mackey for State Treasurer was a foregone conclusion. He has made so good an officer and given such general satisfaction, that no active opposition was made to his renomination. Mr. Henry, the only one who contested the field with him, conceded, from the start, that Mr. Mackey would be nominated, and he made his canvass not for the present but for the future. Few men have ever filled that important office who have been able, after three years' service, to boast so wide a circle of personal friends, or to enjoy so large a share of personal popularity. He has discharged a highly responsible trust in a very efficient way, and this popular indorsement of him was as flattering as it was well deserved. He has paid off, in the three years $5,000,000 of the State debt, and is now paying it off at the rate of $200,000 per month; and while no fact could be more palatable to the people of the State, who delight to witness this steady reduction of the public debt, we know of nothing that more effectually demonstrates the administrative capacity of the incumbent.

The nominee for Supreme Judge, Hon. Isaac G. Gordon, of Jefferson county, is well known to many of our citizens, and is eminently qualified for the place. He has had experience on the Bench, and having had a large practice as a lawyer, especially on land titles and questions arising out of oil operations, he will bring to his new place, if elected, an experience that will be of great service to both himself and the Bench. He is a man of superior talent, and possesses a reputation for personal integrity excelled by none. It is a good nomination, and will give very great satisfaction throughout the West.

Altogether, the ticket and platform are thoroughly satisfactory, and the success of the party in October is no longer a problem. Every man with an eye in his forehead can see that the ticket is bound to win. We commend it to the hearty support of our party friends, and in the full confidence of its triumph at the polls.

—The Clinton county Democratic Convention met the other day and resolved to arraign the Radical party for their Cæsarism in aiming at the establisment of a virtual dictatorship through the third-term movement in favor of Grant, and then turned around and nominated W. H. Brown and S. B. Snoook for their *fourth* terms in the office of Prothonotary and Register respectively!

ELECTIVE AFFINITIES.

A Novel.

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN OF GOETHE.

PART II.

CHAPTER I.

There often happens to us in common life what, in an epic poem, we are accustomed to praise as a stroke of art in the poet; namely, that when the chief figures go off the scene, conceal themselves or retire into inactivity, some other or others, who hitherto we have scarcely observed, come forward and fill their places. And these putting out all their force, at once fix our attention and sympathy on themselves, and earn our praise and admiration.

Thus, after the Captain and Edward were gone, the Architect, of whom we have spoken, appeared every day of a more important person. The ordering and executing of a number of undertakings depended entirely upon him, and he proved himself thoroughly understanding and business-like in the style in which he went to work; while in a number of other ways he was able also to make himself of assistance to the ladies, and find amusement for their weary hours. His outward air and appearance were of the kind which win confidence and awake affection. A youth in the full sense of the word, well formed, tall, perhaps a little too stout; modest without being timid, and easy without being obtrusive, there was no work and no trouble which he was not delighted to take upon himself; and as he could keep accounts with great facility, the whole economy of the household soon was no secret to him, and everywhere his salutary influence made itself felt. Any stranger who came he was commonly set to entertain, and he was skilful either at declining unexpected visits, or at least so far preparing the ladies for them as to spare them any disagreeableness.

Among others, he had one day no little trouble with a young lawyer, who had been sent by a neighboring nobleman to speak about a matter which, although of no particular moment, yet touched Charlotte to the quick. We have to mention this incident, because it gave occasion for a number of things which otherwise might perhaps have remained long untouched.

We remember certain alterations Charlotte had made in the churchyard. The entire body of the monuments had been removed from their places, and had been ranged along the walls of the church, leaning against the string-course. The remaining space had been leveled, except a broad walk which led up to the church, and past it to the opposite gate; and it had all been sown with various kinds of trefoil, which had shot up and flowered most beautifully.

The new graves were to follow one after another in a regular order from the end, but the spot on each occasion was to be carefully smoothed over and sown again. No one could deny that on Sundays and holidays, when the people went to church, the change had given it a most cheerful and pleasant appearance. At the same time the clergyman, an old man and clinging to old customs, who at first had not been especially pleased with the alteration, had become thoroughly delighted with it, all the more because when he sat out like Philemon with his Baucis under the old linden trees at his back door, instead of the humps and mounds he had a beautiful clean lawn to look out upon; and which, moreover, Charlotte having secured the use of the spot to the parsonage, was no little convenience to his household.

Notwithstanding, however, many members of the congregation had been displeased that the means of marking the spots where their forefathers rested had been removed, and all memorials of them thereby obliterated. However well preserved the monuments might be, they could only show who had been buried, but not where he had been buried, and the *where*, as many maintained, was everything.

Of this opinion was a family in the neighborhood, who for many years had been in possession of a considerable vault for a general resting place of themselves and their relations, and in consequence had settled a small annual sum for the use of the church. And now this young lawyer had been sent to cancel this settlement, and to show that his client did not intend to pay it any more, because the condition under which it had been hitherto made had not been observed by the other party, and no regard had been paid to objection and remonstrance. Charlotte, who had been the originator of the alteration herself, chose to speak to the young man who, in a decided though not a violent manner, laid down the grounds on which his client proceeded, and gave occasion in what he said for much serious reflection.

"You see," he said, after a slight introduction, in which he sought to justify his peremptoriness; "you see, it is right for the lowest as well as for the highest to mark the spot which holds those who are dearest to him. The poorest peasant who buries a child, finds it some consolation to plant a light wooden cross upon the grave, and hang a garland upon it, to keep alive the memorial, at least as long as the sorrow remains; although such a mark, like the mourning, will pass away with time. Those better off change the cross of wood into iron, and fix it down and guard it in various ways; and here we have endurance for many years. But because this too will sink at last and become invisible, those who are able to bear the expense see nothing fitter than to raise a stone which shall promise to endure for generations, and which can be restored and be made fresh again by posterity. Yet this stone is not which attracts us; it is that which is contained beneath it, which is entrusted, where it stands, to the earth. It is not the memorial so much of which we speak, as of the person himself; not of what once was, but of what is. Far better, far more closely, can I embrace some dear departed one in the mound which rises over his bed, than in a monumental writing which only tells us that once he was. In itself, indeed, it is but little; but around it, as around a central mark, the wife, the husband, the kinsman, the friend, after their departure, shall gather in again; and the living shall have the right to keep far off all strangers, and evil-wishers from the side of the dear one who is sleeping there.

"And, therefore, I hold it quite fair and fitting that my principal shall withdraw his grant to you. It is, indeed, but too reasonable that he should do it, for the members of his family are injured in a way for which no compensation could be even proposed. They are deprived of the sad sweet feelings of laying offerings on the remains of their dead, and of the one comfort in their sorrow of one day lying down at their side."

"The matter is not of that importance," Charlotte answered, "that we should disquiet ourselves about it with the vexation of a law-suit. I regret so little what I have done, that I will gladly indemnify the church for what it loses through you. Only I must confess candidly to you your arguments have not convinced me; the pure feeling of an universal equality at last, after death, seems to me more composing than this hard determined persistance in our personalities and in the conditions and circumstance of our lives. What do you say to it?" she added, turning to the Architect.

"It is not for me," he replied, "either to argue or attempt to judge in such a case. Let me venture, however, to say what my own art and my own habits of thinking suggest to me. Since we are no longer so happy as to be able to press to our breasts the inurned remains of those we have loved, since we are neither wealthy enough, nor of cheerful heart enought to preserve them undecayed in large elaborate sarcophagi; since, indeed, we cannot even find place any more for ourselves and ours in the churches, and are banished out into the open air, we all, I thing, ought to approve the method which you, my gracious lady, have introduced. If the members of a common congregation are laid out side by side, they are resting by the side of, and among their kindred; and, if the earth be once to receive us all, I can find nothing more natural or desirable than that the mounds which, if they are thrown up, are sure to sink slowly in again together, should be smoothed off at once, and the covering, which all bear alike, will press lighter upon each other."

"And is it all, is it all to pass away" said Ottilie, "without one token of remembrance, without anything to call back the past?"

"By no means," continued the Architect; "it is not from remembrance, it is from *place* that men should be set free. The architect, the sculptor, are highly interested that men should look to their art—to their hand, for a continuance of their being; and therefore, I should wish to see well-designed, well-executed monuments; not sown up and down by themselves at random, but erected all in a single spot, where they can promise themselves endurance. Inasmuch as even the good and the great are contented to surrender the privilege of resting in person in the churches, *we* may, at least, erect there or in some fair hall near the burying-place, either monuments or monumental writings. A thousand forms might be suggested for them, and a thousand orments with which they might be decorated:"

"If the artists are so rich," replied Charlotte, "then tell me how it is that they are never able to escape from little obelisks, dwarf pillars, and urns for ashes. Instead of your thousand forms of which you boast, I have never seen anything but a thousand repetitions."

"It is very generally so with us," returned the Architect, "but it is not universal; and very likely the right taste and the proper application of it may be a peculiar art. In this case especially we have this great difficulty, that the monument must be cheerful and yet commemorate a solemn subject; while its matter is melancholy, it must not itself be melancholy. As regards designs for monuments of all kinds, I have collected numbers of them, and will take some opportunity of showing them to you; but at all times the fairest memorial of a man remains some likeness of himself. This, better than anything else, will give a notion of what he was; it is the best text for many or for few notes, only it ought to be made when he is at his best age, and that is generally neglected; no one thinks of preserving forms while they are alive, and if it is done at all, it is done carelessly and incompletely; and then comes death; a cast is taken swiftly off the face; this mask is set upon a block of stone, and that is called a bust. How seldom is is the artist in a position to put any real life into such things as these!"

TO BE CONTINUED.

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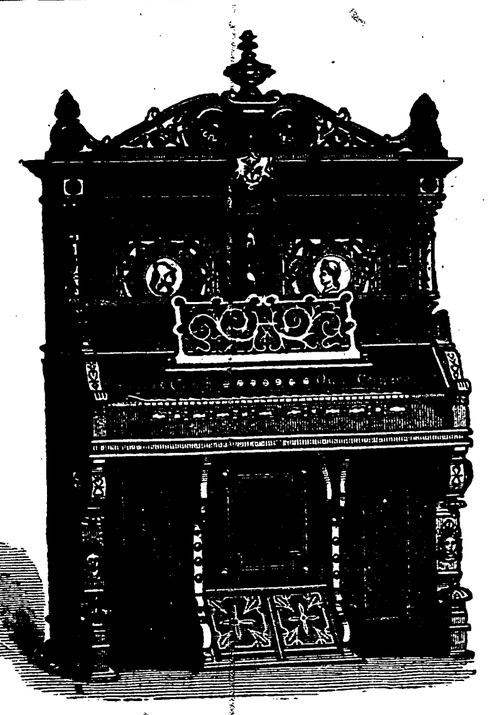

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may16-6m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CORNELIUS SHANE, DEC'D

Letters of administration on the estate of Cornelius Shane, late of Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Jas. B. Shane, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay

JAMES B SHANE, Administrator

jy4-6t

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ANDREW COLE, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Andrew Cole, dec'd., late of South Beaver township, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

A. J. LAWRENCE, Adm'r, South Beaver Township.

my31-6t

A PRECIOUS YOUTH.

SCENE.—*Farm with public road running through it. Cornfield and turnip patch on the left. Loose horse gallops along the road and is caught by a boy. Owner comes along in great haste.*

Man—Thank you, my boy, you have caught my horse very nicely.

Boy—You bet.

M.—I must give you something for your trouble.

B.—Of course you must; down with your stamps.

M.—What were you doing in the field.

B.—Pulling weeds from among these d— turnips.

M.—That is nice work, I should think, almost as nice as play.

B.—Yes, 'tis, if a feller don't care what he says.

M.—Do you like to work?

B.—Not if the court knows herself, and I think she do.

M.—Who set yo to work?

B.—The old man. Who did you reckon did?

M.—What is your name?

B.—Tobias Hacklebury. Tob, for short, may it please your honor, as they say at court.

M.—Well, Tobias, how old are you?

B.—Well, old ask-me-a-few-more-questions, guess I'm near about eight. If you are very anxious to know, look at my teeth. (Shows teeth.)

M.—How long have you been here?

B.—Ever since I came.

M.—Are you not hungry?

B.—You are keno correct on the hungry, and I'm going for my hash, too. Down with the stamps, and I'll be off.

M.—If I should give you a dime, what would you do it.

B.—Spend it for tobacker. But, look here, old chap, you can't come that game on me. I'm none of your ten cent boys, I want half a dollar for catching this horse. I'm "business," I am.

M.—Have you no play things?

B.—Playthings? I've got a euchre deck, several bats, and so on, if they are what you call playthings. O, you bet. I'm heavy on base ball. Can't I take 'em on the fly. Guess not!

M.—Would you not like to have such things as nine pins, marbles, tops, wooden horses?

B.—Not any in mine, if you please.

M.—Do you want nothing else?

B.—Yes, want lots of tricks. But taint much use to have 'em. The old man and old woman keep me busy, driving cows, running errands, watching chickens ont of the garden, picking wool, pulling weeds out of this d—— old turnip patch. But I give them the slip now and then, and you bet I make up for lost time.

M.—Do your parents correct you when you disobey them?

B.—Well, they correct at me, but I ain't always there. Sometimes the old man goes through me, sometime the old woman, and sometimes both.

M.—You like apples and cake?

B.—Oh, no! guess not? Don't like tobacker either, do I? Give me a chew.

M.—Have you a knife? (Gives boy a chew.)

B.—Got a barlow. If you want to trade I'm your lobster. (Pulls out knife.)

M.—Your shoes are full of holes.

B.—'Spose they are—what are you going to do about it.

M.—But they let water in?

B—I aint afraid of water.

M.—Your hat is all torn, too.

B.—Tell a feller something he don't know.

M.—What do you do when it rains?

B.—I let it rain. Sometimes go a fishing.

M.—Do you always go home when you get hungry?

B—No. If I did, I'd be going home all the time.

M.—Were you ever at school?

B—Well, I guess I've "been thar."

M.—Do you love to go?

B—Yes, love it 'bout as well as I do to have my teeth pulled.

M.—Are you going to school this winter?

B—Yes, if the old man goes along with me.

M.—You will want some books, then?

B—Guess I will have to carry one or two whether I want 'em or not.

M.—I will get them for you?

B—Needn't trouble yourself about 'em, sir.

M—Tell your father I will buy them for you, and it is all because you are an obliging, contented, nice little boy.

B.—You are mighty right, I am. But about that half.

M.—Can't you wait till I come along again?

B.—Couldn't do it, sir? Don't do business that way. I'm business, I am.

M.—Well, here's the half, and I will bid you good morning, Tob.

B.—Good morning yourself.

[*Exit man on horse back, while boy throws clods at him.*

"WHAT did you paint your fence white for?" asked a man of his neighbor, whose fence had just received a fresh coat of paint.

"That is not white—its is green," was the reply.

"Green! You must think me green—can't I see?"

"I bet a dollar it's green."

"I'll do it."

"Isn't it *fresh*, and if it's fresh isn't it *green?*"

"The loser paid the bet, and turned away to ponder on the elasticity of our language.

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LETTER FROM BISHOP SIMPSON.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17, 1868.

T. G. SMITH & Co.—*Gents*—Having used one of your Bradbury Pianos, it has given great satisfaction to my family and to many visitors who have heard its sweet tones at my house. It is a very superior instrument, both in finish and power. I heartily wish you success as successor to the late Wm. B. Bradbury, in continuing the manufacture of his justly celebrated Pianos. Yours truly,

M. SIMPSON.

Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase, Washington D. C., Decides the Bradbury to be the National Piano of the country.

Vice Admiral D. D. Porter, Washington D. C., "The Bradbury is exquisitely and beautifully proportioned. We are delighted with ours."

Hon. Columbus Delano, Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C., calls the Bradbury the Piano for the Interior.

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Robert Bonner, New York Ledger—"At any time will drop the lines of 'Dexter,' to listen to the tones of the Bradbury."

Grand Central Hotel, New York—"In preference to all others, we selected the Bradbury Pianos for our parlors. Our guests pronounce them splendid."

St. Nicholas Hotel, New York.—"Have always used the Bradbury Pianos in our parlors, and take pleasure in recommending them."

Hon. John Simpson, M. P., Canada, says: "The Bradbury can't be excelled. The best in the Dominion."

M. Simpson, Bishop M. E. Church, Philadelphia. "We know of no better Piano than the Bradbury."

E. S. Janes, Bishop M. E. Church, N. Y.—"We know of no better Piano than the Bradbury."

Rev. Dr. John McClinton, Drew Theological Seminary—"My family and friends say the Bradbury is unequalled."

T. S. Arthur, Philadelphia—"We have used for years, and can recommend the Bradbury Piano."

Philip Philips, New York, says, "I have sung with and used the Bradbury Piano in my family for years."

W. G. Fischer, Professor of Music, Girard College, Philadelphia. "I use as my family Piano, the Bradbury, and can with confidence recommend them."

Rev. Daniel Curry, Editor Christian Advocate: "I purchased a Bradbury Piano, and it is a splendid instrument in every respect."

Theodore Tilton, Editor Independent: "If you were to ask my children, I am afraid they would say they liked our Bradbury almost as well as they like me."

Dr. Daniel Wise, Editor Sunday School Advocate, "I use the Bradbury Piano, and think, like his music it cannot be excelled."

Rev. Dr. Ferris, New York. "My Bradbury has stood longer in tune, and sounds better than any Piano in my District."

Rev. Dr. Fields, Editor of the Evangelist, "I have used a Bradbury for years in my family, and think there is none superior."

Sands Street Church Brooklyn, St. Lake's M. E. Church, and a host of other churches use the Bradbury Piano in their Lecture and School Rooms, also the Conservatories and prominent Hotels in the United States.

John Caughey, Beaver Pa., purchased from me three years ago a No. 6 Bradbury, and says: "There is no better, or sweeter toned, or more desirable Piano, according to my judgment and experience, than my Piano. It has given entire satisfaction, and grows better as it becomee older."

Wm. McCoy, of Beaver, Pa., in the spring of 1871, bought from me a No. 8 Bradbury, which has proven to be a superior instrument in every respect.

Miss Mary McGaffick also owns and uses a Bradbury.

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Business Directory.

BEAVER.

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THOMAS DONEHOO, M. D. Office lower door in John Border's building, Beaver, Pa. ap25tf

MILLER, J. W. Physician and Surgeon, office that formerly occupied by Drs. McKinny and Lawrence. Residence. Dr. McNutt's house.

DUNLAP, J. F., Attorney at Law. Office in the Court-house, Beaver, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. my3'72-1y

PURVIS J. H., dealer in Fancy Dry Goods, Choice Groceries, and Notions. (Specialty—Tea and Sugar.) Flour, Feed, and Wooden-ware, corner of Third and Buffalo streets, Beaver, Pa. nov10'71

ALLISON THOS., dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, cor Third and Elk sts. jy29'70

CLARK J. B., Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, Third street. jy29'70

SNITGER S. & CO., dealer in Groceries and Provisions, Third street.

BEACOM Mrs. E. H., dealer in Millinery Goods and Trimmings, cor 3d st. and Diamond. jy29

ANDRIESSEN HUGO, dealer in Drugs and Medicines, 3d st. See advertisement. jy29'70

MOORE J., dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Third street. jy29'70

TALLON ROBERT, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Third street. jy29'70

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Methodist Episcopal—Rev. William Lynch, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Catholic—Rev. M. Gunkle, Priest. Services every 2d Sunday of each month at 10 A. M.

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St. James Lodge A. Y. M., No. 457—S. B. Wilson, W. M., J. Morton Hall, Secretary. Meets 1st Thursday of each month.

Occidental Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 720—A. G. White, N. G., J. N. McCreery, Secretary. Meets every Friday evening.

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Methodist Episcopal (Colored) — C. Asbury, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and at 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

A. M. E. Zion (Colored)—Rev. Lyons, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 11 A. M., and at 7 P. M.

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Enola Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 163—William Carter, W. C. T., Tillie Moorhead, W. S., meets every Friday evening in their hall above A. C. Hurst's Dry Good Store.

Beaver Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 366—Samuel McCabe, N. G., David Woodruff, Secretary, meets every tuesday evening.

Harrison Graham Encampment, I. O. O. F., No. 116—D. Shumaker, C. P., Wm. Morton, H. P., D. Woodruff, Scribe, meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month in Odd Fellows Hall.

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CHURCHES.

Episcopal—Services 1st and 3d Sundays at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Georgetown—2d and 4th Sundays. Rev. Bollard, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal—Rev. T. S. Hodgson, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M.—Sunday School at 2 P. M.

Methodist Episcopal, (German) | Rev. —— Miller, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Lutheran—Rev. H. Reck, Paster. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 2 P. M.

First German Evang. Lutheran, St. Paul's Church—Rev. P. Borm, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 2 P. M. Sunday School at 1 P M.

Catholic—Rev. Mr. Gunkle, Priest. Services every fourth Sunday of each month, at 10 A. M., and every Thursday at 8½ A. M.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Amaranth Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 294—C. R Blanchard, W. C. T.; Emil Smith, W. S. Meets every Wednesday even'g in Conwgy's Hall.

Rochester Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 229—J. R. Pendleton, W. M., John Conway, Sec'y. Meets every Friday before full moon.

Eureka, Chapter R. A. M., No. 167, meets in Masonic Hall on first Wednesday after full moon. M. E. H. P., J. R. Pendleton; Secretary, John Conway.

FREEDOM.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. E. B. Webster, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 10½ A. M., and alternate Sundays at 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

M. E. German—Rev. Mr. Zerkel, Pastor. Services, alternate Sundays at 10½ A. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Presbyterian—Rev. Wortman, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

German Lutheran—Rev. Mr. Born, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 10 A. M., and alternate Sundays at 2 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

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CHURCHES.

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Catholic—Rev. J. C. Bigham, Priest. Services, 1st, 3d and 5th Sundays each month at 10½ A. M. Sunday School every Sunday at 2½ P. M.

Church of God—Rev. McKee, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

Baptist—Rev. Dr. Winters, Pastor. Services ev ery Sunday at 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

United Presbyterian—Rev. A. G. Wallace, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

O. S. Presbyterian—Rev. B. C. Critchlow, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

Episcopal—Rev. Spaulding, Rector. Services at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. Sunday School at 9½ A. M. Seats free, and all are cordially invited.

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Methodist Episcopal—Rev. J. R. Mills, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 8½ A. M.

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Beaver River Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 963.—Robert Hay, W. C. T., T. S. Wilson W. S. Meets every Tuesday evening.

New Brighton Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 801—T. L. Kennedy, W. C. T., Oliver McKeage, W. S. Meets every Thursday evening.

Robertson Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 450—Henry Lloyd, N. G., N. G. Taylor, Secretary. Meets every Monday evening.

Union Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 259—R. Coovert, Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays of each month.

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Methodist—Rev. J. F. Dyer, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening. Sunday-school at 2½, P. M.

Presbyterian—Rev. Moorehead, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 ½ P. M. Sunday School every Sunday at 9½ o'clock at same place. T. Noble, Sup't.

United Presbyterian—Rev. J. I. Frazier, pastor. Services on Sabbath at 10½ o'clock, A M and 7½ P M. Sabbath-school at 2½ P M.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Beaver Valley Lodge, A. Y. M., 478—Meets every second and fourth Monday of each month. T E Bateman, W M; J. L. B. Dawson, S W; S M Hawkins, J W; Henry Hill, Treas; Ch. Molter, Sec.

Harmony Chapter, 286. Meets first Monday each month. E. A. Noble, H. P.; W. H. Grim, K.; A. Tomlinson, S.; P. Wartsoliff Treas.; H. C. Patterson, Sec.

Valley Echo Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 629—W. H. Hoon, N. G., James M. Nugent, Sec'y. Meets every Thursday evening at 7½ o'clock.

Economy Savings Institute—Henry Hice, Pres't. John Reeves, Cashier.

W. C. No. 126, *P. O. S. of A.*—Meets every Monday evening in Washington Hall, Ramsey's Block, Main street. G Altaman, R S; A Anderson, President.

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CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal—Rev. Huddleston Pastor. Services, 10½ o'clock, and evening, 6½ o'clock Sunday School every Sabbath at 2 P. M.

Lutheran—German—Rev. Mr. Born, Pastor. Services every other Sabbath at 10½ o'clock, and Sabbath School at 4 o'clock. *English*—Rev. Mr Jacobs, Pastor. Services every other Sabbath at 10½ o'clock and Sabbath School at 3 o'clock.

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BEAVER, PA.

Friday Morning, August 29th, 1873

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
ISAAC G. GORDON, Jefferson County.

STATE TREASURER,
E. W. MACKEY, Allegheny County.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

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JONATHAN ALLISON, Washington county.
A. L. CAMPBELL, Butler county.
DAVID McKEE, Butler county.

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O. A. SMALL, Bridgewater.

Treasurer.
JAMES H. MANN, New Brighton.

Commissioner.
G. W. SHROADES, Moon tp.

Jury Commissioner.
JOHN WILSON, Chippewa tp.

Poor House Director.
SAMUEL McMANAMY, Economy tp.

Auditor.
J. F. CULBERTSON, South Beaver tp.

Trustees of Academy.
R. S. IMBRIE, Beaver.
P. L. GRIM, New Galilee.

INCREASE OF SUPREME JUDGES.

If our friends in the Eastern part of the State, who are complaining because the Republican candidate for Supreme Judge was not taken from that section of the State, will only wait a few months, there is little doubt their section will be fully represented on the Supreme Bench. The new constitution will provide for an increase of two additional judges on the Supreme Court. Should the constitution not be adopted, there is no doubt the Legislature will pass an act early in the session increasing the number to seven. The necessity for this was recognized by the Legislature at the last session, and the bill after passing both Houses was only defeated the day before adjournment by a disagreement between the two Houses, as to the mode of their election. In any event then there will be two additional judges to select, and the eastern part of the State will in all probability secure both, provided Republicans in that section do their duty at the election in October. The friends of Judge Paxson and Judge Butler would do well to cease their complaints, give a hearty support to Judge Gordon, and bide their time. Some of Judge Butler's professed friends are indiscreet in their criticisms on the action of the Convention, and are damaging his chances for the future, and it is barely possible this is the result aimed at. Judge Butler owes his defeat partly, if not largely, to the indiscreet conduct and language of one of his delegates selected by himself, against the advice of his true friends, and he should endeavor to prevent the same *so-called friend* prejudicing his future prospects. If those he trusts at home do not betray him or destroy him by conduct equally as reprehensible, there is no doubt that Judge Butler will occupy a seat upon the Supreme Bench within the next twelve months, because no man can command more strength in Western Pennsylvania in the next contest. Philadelphia Republicans need no warning, because they are always loyal, and this fact will insure the nomination of any good candidate presented by that city in the event of this increase of Supreme Judges.

THE EXODUS FROM ENGLAND.

England is becoming alarmed at the immense increase in the tide of emigration from her shores. The Queensland Government has offered a free passage to 10,000 laborers and other advantages on their arrival, and the offer will soon, it is feared, be accepted. The United States are continually being reinforced by English and Irish workingmen, to whom they hold out superior attractions. In Dorset, where 1,000 adults have left, and other places, the scarcity of laborers is already felt, and the effect upon business is easily noticed. The population of Ireland is diminished and still diminishing, and English papers are now anxiously enquiring when this exodus shall stop? It is caused by the many superior attractions of this and other countries. So long as the workingman can elsewhere earn high wages and rise easier in the social scale to positions of influence and honor, emigration will continue. And so long as wealth, independence and power are more easily acquired in other countries, no governmental restriction can stop the exodus in those countries where labor is enslaved and the workingman has an inferior opportunity to improve his condition. The English land system is cruel and unjust, and when compared to the free homes that can easily be acquired in this country, the contrast is striking, and the inducement to emigrate is strong. There is a profound disaffection among the Irish poor, to remove which it will require the passage of a more radical Irish land act than has yet been even suggested. There are a number of causes operating to produce a diminished population in Great Britain, but the chief cause is the unjust system of laws that restrict the freedom, happiness and prosperity of the poor class, together with the knowledge widely diffused, that other parts of the world, especially this country, afford far better opportunities for the workingman to get on in the struggle of life and to rise in the social scale, and so long as this condition of things is not reversed, England will be subjected to an annual loss of her population. Many indications encourage the hope that America is destined to be the great theatre of progress for the English speaking race. When the balance of trade turns in our favor, and our currency is again placed firmly on a specie basis, the progress that will follow will not only be rapid, but will leave England far in the rear.

THE LAST ACT OF THE MODOC DRAMA.

The public is, no doubt, "sick and tired" of this Modoc affair. But one more scene remains to be enacted and the drama will be ended. That which was so interesting at first has now become stale and sipid, and tLe readers of the newspapers will be heartily glad when the last chapter shall have been written and the book forever closed.

On Friday last President Grant approved the sentences in the cases of Captain Jack, Schonchis, Black Jim, Boston Charley, One-eyed Jim and Sloluck, and ordered that they be carried into execution by the proper military authority, under the orders of the Secretary of War, on the 3d day of October, 1873. The sentence of each is that he be "hanged by the neck until he be dead." Secretary Belknap has ordered that the "sentences be duly executed under the direction of the general commanding the Department of the Columbia, at Fort Klamath, Oregon," on the day designated by the President. And so will end the career of five desperate and wicked savages.

This will receive the general approval of the community. One can only wish that the white men who taught them their fiendish perfidy could be made to participate in like manner with them in the last scene.

The President has received a great many appeals from members of the Society of Friends, pleading for executive clemency for the Modocs. As the proceedings seemed to be, in the opinion of the Attorney General, his legal adviser, in every respect regular and according to the laws made and provided; as they were carefully reviewed by the Judge Advocate General, and as the President was unable to discover any palliating circumstances, he determined not to interfere.

This firm and prompt disposition of the case cannot, of course, be construed into an abandonment of the President's past Indian policy. It is rather a part of his general policy in the treatment of the Indians, and the "exterminators" can claim no victory in his action in this case.

THE Democratic State Convention met in Wilkesbarre on Tuesday, to nominate a State ticket, and to adopt a platform with which to go before the people. We have not yet, (Wednesday,) ascertained the result of the Convention, but the telegraphic reports seem to foreshadow a lively struggle over the back pay question. The Convention is in a delicate position in regard to this back pay, for if it denounces it, it will be compelled to repudiate many of its trusted leaders, and to censure some of its most prominent members. Whether the delegates will be able to come up to the work and obey the voice of the people which sent them, is now uncertain. Which ever way the matter is decided, the result will be about the same to the party, for if the measure is unmistakably condemned in the platform adopted, the implied censure to Randall and others, prominent in Democratic circles, must tend to weaken confidence in a party of such greedy followers as well as diminish its strength by the necessity of shelving those Democratic members of Congress whose pockets are lined with back pay; but if the subject is passed over in silence the masses will not turn hopefully to the Democratic party for reform, retrenchment or reduction of taxation. The convention cannot afford to keep silent on this subject, when even to be out-spoken against it will not give harmony or additional strength to the party. We expect that some compromise on this back pay matter will be patched up and a resolution that looks both ways will be adopted as expressing the sense of the convention. There are several candidates before the convention for the two offices to be filled, but who are to be the successful candidates is not known at this writing.

THE Chinese shoe makers in Massachusetts have gone on a strike, having received the impression that their wages were too low, and that their employers were making more money from their cheap work than was consistent with a fair and equal distribution of the rewards of labor The Chinese are apt imitators, and will be quick to take advantage of the system of strikes, if they can do so successfully. The only inducement to employ them now is because their wages are low, and as soon as they demand equal wages with other workingmen, it will go far towards discouraging their employment or removing complaint against them on account of cheap labor.

PREVIOUS to Hon. James L. Graham's departure for Europe we stated that we had good grounds for stating that the gentleman would not accept the $2,000 voted him to pay his expenses as one of the Commissioners of the State to the Vienna Exposition. Since Mr. Graham's return he has been "interviewed," and it is announced on his authority that he will not touch the money—a resolution which does him credit. And now for Rutan. What has he got to say in the matter?—*Pittsburgh Dispatch.*

We are informed that Senator Rutan has not and will not accept one dollar from the State Treasury toward defraying his expenses abroad. This fact could have been ascertained at any time since the adjournment of the Legislature by inquiring at the office of the State Treasurer.

POLITICAL.

—The Republican State Convention of New York will be held on the 24th of September at Utica.

—Mr. Martin Williams is the Democratic nominee for Assembly in the Forest and Clarion district.

—The Liberal Republican organization of Pennsylvania, it is said, has become water-logged and sunk.

—The Tioga county Republicans are dissatisfied with the popular vote, or Crawford county system of making nominations.

—The following gentlemen from Lancaster county were selected as members of the State Central Committe of the Republican party for the coming year: Samuel Slokom, Sam Matt Friday and Levi Sensenig.

—A dispatch states that the Democrats of York, Pa., have just completed an organization from which all persons connected with corrupt local rings are excluded. The organization is not a very bulky affair, so far as heard from and consists exclusively of a President, a Secretary and a manuscript of by-laws.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: We should like to know what the tariff for revenue, and not for protection, in the Democratic platform means. Any rate of duty laid on an article such as we manufacture gives that rate of protection. The duties on tea and coffee, which yield revenue without protection, we threw off last year. Does the antediluvian Democracy mean to restore them? If not, what does its tariff plank mean?

—The Democracy of Montour county assembled together on the 18th inst., and nominated the following ticket: Associate Judge—Dr. R. S. Simington; Commissioner—David Grove; Sheriff—Edward Young: There was a big fight over the question of Assemblyman, between the whisky and anti-whisky factions, and the convention adjourned without making a nomination.

—The following is the ticket nominated by the Democracy of Delaware county, on the 21st inst.: Senator—Tryon Lewis, of Radnor; Assembly—William Cooper Talley, of Media; County Commissioner—W. S. Thompson, North Chester; Director of the Poor—Horner Eachus, Edgmont; Auditor—Joseph Pratt, Concord; Surveyor—Charles Ladomus, Chester; Register and Recorder—J. E. Clyde, Chester; Senatorial Delegate, Percephor Baker, Chester; Representative Delegate, John C. Leiper, Ridley. The Convention was well attended and the proceedings harmonious. Resolutions were offered favoring economy of administration.

—A Brookville correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, writing on Wednesday last, says: This town is all a blaze of excitement over the nomination of Hon. Isaac G. Gordon for the Supreme Court. As soon as the Telegraph announced the result the citizens, without distinction of party, formed in procession and proceeded to the Juge's residence to tender to him their heartfelt congratulations. The Judge, a good old presbyterian, was at his church prayer-meeting, from which he was hurried to his home to receive the congratulations of his fellow-townspeople, who filled the house. Telegraph messages from many of his friends throughout the State were received, all of which assure us that no effort will be spared to make the Judge's "calling and election" sure. This nomination has been based upon simple merit and capability, and was effected, as all pure nominations should be, "without money and without price."

—The St. Louis *Times* is wicked enough to pun on the name of Pugh, and to suggest that the Hon. George E. is about to contribute to the pughrity of the Democratic party by withdrawing from it. Mr. Pugh is truly unfortunate. At that period of the war time when Mr. Vallandigham was engaged in contemplating the beauties of Niagara Falls from the Canadian shore, he, Pugh, announced that he would place himself at the head of 300,000 citizens of Ohio, and, marching to the frontier, would call out three times, "Vallandigham, Vallandigdam, Vallandigham," and all the force of this elegant promise was wasted when an irreverent listener in the crowd suggested the effect that would be produced by Vallandigham calling out, "Pugh! Pugh! Pugh!"

It is sinful to take advantage of a man's misfortune in that way, but Mr. Pugh should change either his name or his ways.

—A national convention of the miners and laborers of the United States will be held in the city of Youngstown, Ohio, on the second Tuesday of October, next. The call says: The specific objects sought to be accomplished by the formation of such an association are as follows:

1. A consolidation of the entire body of miners of the United States, for the purpose of self-protection.

2. To afford pecuniary and moral support to such districts as may be forced to the alternative of a strike.

3. For a thorough discussion of our grievances, and the passage of such laws as our safety and welfare demand in the several States.

Fellow workmen—one word in conclusion. Let every miner and laborer who reads this call realize that it is in his interest that it is issued. Act as though success depended on your individual efforts. Make a beginning. Where no union exists, form one without delay. Take steps to meet your fellow-workmen in council. Let the men of Pennsylvania meet the miners from Illinois. Let miners of Ohio, Virginia, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Kentucky and Michigan—in short from every locality where mining is carried on, "Come and reason together"—form an organization in which brother will be pledged to brother—an organization will form a bulwark alike in the day of prosperity and the hour of adversity. Will you do so, or do you prefer to occupy your present unenviable position? The answer and the issue are in your own hands.

—The Democrats of Lawrence county met in convention, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on Monday last, at the Court House, in New Castle. Hon. Wm. McClelland was elected chairman and addressed the meeting. The following county ticket was nominated: Assembly—Dr. J. B. White, of Harlansburg; Sheriff—Capt. J. Harvey Cooper, of Mahoning township; Treasurer—James Pollock, of Scott township; County Commissioner—Capt. Charles Duffy, of Union township; Register and Recorder—Daniel Cameron, of Union township; Jury Commissioner—Wm. Thompson, of Big Beaver township; County Auditor—George W. Penn, of the First Ward, of New Castle; Coroner—Dr. Harry Peebles, of the Second Ward, of New Castle.

William H. Reynolds was elected chairman of County Committee. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That while we adhere to the principles of the Democratic party, as set forth by Jefferson, the developments of the last year have convinced us that it matters not so much to us, whose theory of government prevails, as that our rulers are composed of honest, temperate and upright men.

Resolved, That we denounce corruption and dishonesty of all shades and descriptions, that until honesty, and good faith is once more established among ourselves, there can be no security for the preservation of our rights; that it is the duty of all good citizens to use their efforts to defeat all dishonest and incompetent aspirants to office, and to elevate none but honest and worthy men to places of public trust.

Resolved, That we are opposed to office seeking and office seekers, and that we hereby assert our implicit faith in the doctrine that the office should seek the man and not man the office.

Resolved, That we are in favor of economy in our county affairs, the speedy payment of our county debt, and the strict accountability of our county officials.

Resolved, That we pledge our active and earnest support to the ticket this day nominated, and call upon all those who are opposed to corruption and incompetency to assist in its election.

Resolved, That it is with sincere regret we have learned of the intended removal from our county of Hon. Wm. M'Clelland, for the past two years our accommodating and faithful member of Congress, and we desire to assure him that he will take with him our best wishes for his success.

Resolved, That the delegate to the State Convention, from Lawrence county, is hereby instructed to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of the Hon. John Trunky for the Supreme Bench.

—The Rev. Dr. Field, of the New York *Evangelist*, received a private letter from Boston, written on Tuesday of last week, from which the following is an extract:

"Vice President Wilson was at my house yesterday and over night. He eats and sleeps as well as he ever did, wears no patch on his eye, shows no sign of physical disorder except a slight curve at the right corner of the mouth. He says he feels no weakness in his side or limbs, and his walk is as elastic and easy as before his affliction. It was a paralysis of the facial nerve, and not much else, except that his whole system was overworked and run down, and needed rest, that, with restricted diet and mild remedies, is fast setting him up. Electricity will be applied to his face if necessary, but nothing of the kind has been done yet."

LOCAL ITEMS.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The Beaver Radical is the most extensively circulated Weekly Newspaper in Western Pennsylvania.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.
Going West—Mail, 7,46 a. m; Accommodation 6,10 p. m.
Going East—Accommodation, 9,19 a. m; Mail, 2,21 p. m; Express, 9,07 p. m.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
Western mail leaves at 6.45 a.m.; arrives at 3 p.m.
Eastern mail leaves at 2 p. m.; arrives at 8 a. m.

There are supposed to be now at Beaver Falls, 215 Chinese.

Union Services will be held in the M. E. Church on next Sunday. All should go.

Messrs. Dawson and Eakin have just sold a farm of 52 acres, owned by Thomas Wickham, to Mrs. Connell.

The next annual meeting of the State Teachers' Association will be held at Shippensburg, Cumberland county.

Two entire new two Horse Wagons, for sale at Speyerer & Son's. feb21-tf.

The third annual fair of the Jamestown Agricultural and Manufacturing Association will be held at Jamestown on the 16th, 17th and 18th of September.

The Hon. S. J. Cross has sent us a copy of the Auditor General's report on railroads, canals and telegraphs for which he has our thanks.

The departure of the Graphic-Wise balloon expedition has been postponed from the 20th of August to the 10th of September.

The cheapest clothing store in the county is R. Steinfeld's, New Brighton.

School Commencement.—The Public Schools of the borough of Butler, will open on Monday the first day of September next.

Washington county farmers are selling coal privileges for more than their farms cost a few years ago. This is one of the benefits of railroads.

Carl Schurz has been left a fortune by a deceased uncle, and $200 a night will have no charms to draw out his patriotism hereafter.

The young people of Beaver Falls had a fine pic-nic on last Thursday week, on the grounds lately occupied by the military camp, just back of New Brighton.

Fancy Shoes of all kinds at Hertzog and Beam's.

Mrs. Sarah Wright, of Eldersville, Washington county, went to bed well on Saturday night, and sickened and died before morning. She was aged about thirty-five years.

Whisky is so scarce in Connells, Fayette county, that a prominent physician of that place says a man came to him recently and offered him thirty dollars for a prescription for a single pint.

The latest arrival in town is Moses Scott, a carpet bagger from appearance, now residing in Monongahela city, and the renowned antagonist of Butler and Carpenter.

Mrs. Maria French and her mother, who have been visiting for a few weeks friends in Georgetown, returned to their home in Toledo, Ohio, on Thursday.

At the Wheeling races on Friday, Copper-bottom was in bad luck and went back on his backers. He seems to do well without a driver, but badly with one. What is the matter?

Brother Jonathan, the Sharon horse, took the second money—$1,500—in the 2,30 race at Utica, last week, and Magnolia, also a Sharon horse, the third money—$400—in the 2:50 race.

Hartzog & Beam, manufacturers and dealers in Fancy Boots, Shoes and Gaiters. Orders from all parts of the county filled on short notice at reasonable prices.

A free Scholarship in the Louisville Medical College, Louisville, Kentucky, can be obtained by any citizen of the 26th Senatorial District, of Pennsylvania, on application to Senator Rutan.

Rev. C. C. Riggs and family have gone to Mercer county to visit friends. Mr. Riggs' is quite feeble, and we hope his trip will not only be pleasant, but result in some improvement of his health.

Races.—The first meeting of the Conneautville Driving Park will be held on the 9th and 10th of September, at which time six races will come off, the purses aggregating over twelve hundred dollars.

Corner of Broadway and Lock Streets is the place to get your clothing.

Game Laws.—The law requiring persons to obtain special permission before hunting or fishing on the land of others failed to receive the signature of the Governor necessary to make it a law.

The Greene County Agricultural and Manufacturing Society will hold its next annual Fair on the Fair grounds in Carmichaels, Pa., the 16th and 17th of October 1873.

The large maple tree on Market Street near Third, which not only ornamented the street, but afforded grateful shade to the heated and weary pedestrian, was blown down by the violent storm that swept over the place on Monday.

R. Steinfeld, the clothier, corner Broadway and Lock Sts., New Brighton.

Agricultural Meeting. — There will be a meeting of the board of managers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society at the Fair grounds on Saturday, September 6th, at 11 o'clock A. M.

B. M. EWING, Sec'y.

The Fifth Annual Exhibition of the Fayette County Agricultural and Mechanical Association will be held at Brownsville, on the 17th, 18th and 19th of September. This is a live association and publishes a liberal premium list.

The Fall trade is about to begin and R. Steinfeld will have a splendid stock of clothes of all kinds and ready made clothing for boys and men all of which he proposes to sell low. Call and see him.

Still They Come to the Saddlery and Harness Bazarr, and the reason for it is that they get better work at lower prices than at any other place in the State, at A. McDonald's, three doors west of McCreery's bank. Everything in the shape of Horse Clothing can be found.

Gone West.—Ira Duncan of Beaver Falls, and Wittish, of the firm of Stevenson & Wittish, Pittsburgh, started for the far West on Monday. Mr. Duncan expects to remain, and Mr. Wittish to return after an extended trip through Kansas, Colorado and California.

For a neat and substantial Boot, Shoe or Gaiter go the cheap store of John Kennedy & Co., Beaver Falls. They have the largest, best and cheapest stock in Beaver county, and can suit you if anybody can.

Accident.—On Wednesday of last week, a son of Mr. Gephart, of Rochester, while riding in from the country on a lumber wagon, accidently fell off and broke one of his legs, Dr. Charles Forestigee was called and dressed the limb. The little fellow is doing well.

Changed Hands.—The Johnston House at Homewood has been rented to George Burkhart, formerly of Butler county. Mr. Burkhart comes to his new place well recommended as a jolly dutchman, a good landlord and a bountiful provider. give him a call.

Rev. Wm. Bollard has recently located at Rochester, and has charge of the Episcopal Church of that place. Mr. Bollard is a young man of fine address, well educated and of considerable experience in his chosen profession. He has a large field in Rochester and we hope that he will succeed in building up the Episcopal church of that place, and putting it in a flourishing condition. We are informed that the church has just purchased a costly Chancel window, beautifully decorated with flowers, and which can not fail to add much to the comfort and beautiful appearance of the church.

Maginnis' Persian Oleine is undoubtedly the best known remedy for Cholera-morbus, Cramps, Diarrhœa and Dysentary. For sale by Druggists, Dealers and Agents. Price 50 cents.

No man should deprive his wife of family of a good local paper. They do not go out from home to learn the news as does the husband and father, and the paper serves to relieve the otherwise lonely hours of his absence. It is the worst possible economy to deprive the family of a good local paper.

Found in a Dissecting Room.—Some time during the latter part of June or the first of July last, Thomas Munce, an old citizen of Washington county, left his home, situated about three miles from the town of Washington, since which time, until Wednesday last, he had not been heard from, further than he had been seen in this city. He had with him a fine gold watch and about forty dollars in money. It is probable that he went directly to Philadelphia, as his body was found floating in the Schuylkill, at Sansom street wharf, by the harbor police, on the third of July. What he went there for, or how he came to get into the river, will probably never be known.

He was considered by many as being an eccentric man, but that does not fully express his mental condition. In his younger days he was a tall, straight and powerfully built man, managed business well, and finally amassed a fortune of about $75,000. At the time of his death he was the owner of five hundred acres of as fine farming land, perhaps, as is to be found in Western Pennsylvania. For some cause or other he never married, but remained in charge of the homestead. The fact of his being wealthy was generally known, and during the last year had been assaulted by desperadoes no less than six times, the last time almost fatally. A desperate blow on the head, about two years since, so effected his reason that he had not been considered "right" since. The villain who dealt it, no doubt, meant that it should be a fatal one.

He spent much of his time among his friends and relatives, and for several days after his disappearance no one seemed concerned as each one supposed he was with the other. When it was discovered that he had gone dilligent search was made for him with the above result. On receiving word from Philadelphia that a man filling the description of his brother John Munce proceeded at once to Philadelphia where he identified the body as being that of him for whom he had been searching.

The strangest part of the story remains to be told. The same day on which he was found the Coroner was notified and the body removed from the river to the Morgue, where an inquest was held, the jury rendering a verdict of "found drowned." The only clue found by which to discover his identity was a letter addressed to Thomas Munce, New Orleans. This letter was retained by the Coroner, and the police knew nothing of it, else the affair might have been traced up sooner. They, however, learned of his mysterious disappearance, and at once instituted search for his body at the burying ground, but strange to tell he was not there, although his interment had been reported to the authorities. They then visited the dissecting departments of the medical college, and there found the body "pickled" and stored away to be hacked up by the young "saw bones" at the lectures next winter.

Search was also made for his gold watch, and by keeping a close lookout at the pawn brokers it was soon discovered, having been placed there by a man named Wm. McEwen, who was at the time of his death the driver of the Coroner's wagon. He had evidently taken it out of his pocket while on the way from the river to the Morgue. This man McEwen seems to have by some adroit means eluded the vigilance of the Superintendent and made an extra five dollars by handing the body over to the Medical College.

The Liverpool *Gazette* of August 23d says: On Sabbath last, while Mr. A. G. Foulks was driving to Camp Meeting his horses became unmanageable from some cause, and started off at a terrific gait. The road was full of vehicles and when near Laughlin Ross' residence, on the road leading from Calcutta to Wellsville, they ran into Master Wm. Laughlin's buggy, in which were seated Master Will. and Mr. Benonia Dawson. A terrific collision took place and Mr. Foulks and Mr. Dawson were both badly injured. Fortunately the horses were checked before other damage was done. Mr. Foulks is of the firm of Foulks & Thomas, Real Estate Agents, of this place.

P. S.—Since writing the above we learn that Mr. Dawson died on Wednesday evening.

During the past few days I have frequently been asked the question, "Has the Agricultural Society done away with family tickets." I would say to those interested, that there has been no change in the family ticket system, but tickets may still be had at the old price, (one dollar) by calling upon R. H. Cooper, Treasurer of the Society. B. M. EWING, Sec'y.

Madison Bond, of Greene county, was killed by lightning suddenly on Tuesday the 12th inst. He was leaning against the stable door casing of his barn during a violent storm, when a brilliant flash came, striking the building and killing Mr. Bond instantly. The lightning struck the eastern end comb of the stable some forty feet from where he was standing, passing along the comb of the roof till opposite the door, then down a board to the door, striking him on the back of the head, running around both ears to both cheeks, over both shoulders then concentrating ran down his back bone to his hips where it divided and passed down both legs to the ground. The barn was full of new hay and all was consumed. Loss $500. On the same night a hay stack belonging to Mr. A. J. Goodwin was also struck and consumed. It was less than a mile off from Mr. Bond's.

A Model Farmer.—In passing through Ohio township, Beaver county, a few days since, we called upon our genial friend, Jordan S. Neil. While enjoying his hospitalities, we learned from him that during the present season he has harvested 175 tons of hay, harvested and threshed about 2,400 bushels of grain; cultivated 45 acres of corn and 11 acres of potatoes; that he has been absent from the farm on an average five working days out of the week, and had the supervision of the entire work. This we regard as a pretty good showing for a Beaver county farmer.

Mr. Neil's farm is on the north side of the Ohio River, contains 500 acres, all the fields are enclosed with neat and substantial post and rail fences, and is in a high state of cultivation. Mr. Neil's residence is a handsome one with all modern conveniences consistent with a farm house. He has upon the farm six tenant houses, five frame barns, six wells (one of which is 133 feet deep,) three cisterns of a capacity of 1,100 barrels, and he has conveyed spring water, by pipe, near a mile through his farm, consequently every field is supplied with good pure water. Notwithstanding the fact Mr. Neil has been upon the farm but about ten years, he has planted and now has 6,000 bearing apple trees, 2,000 peach trees and 8,000 pear trees, with a large number of trees bearing other varieties of fruit. Our attention was not directed to his stock, but we noticed ten Alderney cattle, eight horses and forty full Chester White hogs, &c.

Taking into consideration the size of the farm, buildings, improvements and state of cultivation, we think Mr. Neil's will rank first in Beaver county, but if any of our farmers can beat this, let us hear from them.

Prof. Johannessen, who has been secured as Principal of the Musical Institute of Beaver College, is said to be a first class musician and teacher. He is the son of one of the first organists of Norway, and has played the violin with his gifted countrymen, Ole Bull. One of his instructors on the piano was a pupil of the celebrated Chopin, engaged in his profession as teacher in Paris. At the breaking out of the war with Prussia, he decided to emmigrate to this country. Last year he was in charge of the music department of Hudson River Institute, one of the leading schools of New York. The Principal in a private note to Dr Taylor, says he is the best musician he ever had, in an experience of twenty years. He leaves here only because we could not pay him the salary he thought he should command It is just to those in charge of the College, that the public should know that this gentleman has been secured at a large advance over the salary paid to his predecessor, who was so successful here for five years. Prof. Johannessen will reside in the institution and will devote his whole time to the musical department there.

Mountain Gingerbread.—Take one half pound butter, quarter pound sugar, six eggs, yolks and whites beaten separately, one tea-spoonful each of ground cinamon, allspice and cloves, one table-spoonful ginger, three-quarters pint of molasses, four table-spoonful sweet milk, and one pound of flour, having in it one measure of Banner Baking Powder.

Each can of the Banner Baking Powder containe a small measure, to be used even full, according to printed directions. If you cannot obtain this really valuable article from your grocer, send twenty-five cents by mail, addressed to Banner Baking Powder, P. O. Lock Box. 317, Pittsburgh, Pa., and you will receive, postage paid, a quarter pound package, together with a list of fifty valuable recipes.

Hon. C. B. Darrall, member of Congress from Louisiana, was in town last week, and, we are informed, purchased from Messrs. Dawson & Eakin the Hice property on Third street, for the use of his mother, now residing in Somerset county, but who proposes to move and take possession of their new home about the 1st of November.

Sudden Death.—John McCarter, a prominent citizen and farmer in Chippewa township, died very suddenly on Friday last. He was attacked with something like cholera morbus and died a few hours afterwards. We saw him in Beaver the week before, in appearance strong and healthy, but how little one knows what a day may bring forth. He was about fifty-five years of age and leaves a large family to mourn his loss.

The September number of *Wood's Household Magazine* is on our table. We always have a good word to say for this publication—it is such a whole-souled book—so wide awake, so lively and entertaining, yet always so chaste and refined. It is a regular little go-ahead, too, as comparison between its numbers will prove. We learn that the firm of S. S. Wood & Co., dissolved in March last, the "Co." (S. E. Shutes, Mayor of Newburgh,) retaining possession of the magazine, and recalling H. V. Osborne (Tenoroon) as editor. So, though the publication really changed hands, it has not suffered from the management of a new publisher or new editor, but under the redoubled efforts of its energetic proprietor, has gained new force and new attractiveness. Price only one dollar a year. Address

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE,
Newburgh, N. Y.

Teachers Appointed.—The following corps of teachers have been selected by Beaver Falls School Board. Term to commence September 1, 1873:

Room 10—Miss R. E. Forbes, Principal; room 9—Miss Belle Lynch; room 8—Miss S. H. Russell; room 7—Miss Lizzie Purviance; room 6—Miss Lizzie Reed; room 5—Miss Mary Eakin; room 4—Miss Alice Forbes; room 3—Miss Mary Parkinson; room 2—Miss Addessa King; room 1—Miss S. S. Purviance; Janitor—John Cook.

A Sheep Case.—Quite an exciting case of this kind was tried at the Court House, in Beaver, on Wednesday of last week, before Justice Imbrie, of this place. The jury was composed of lawyers, with one exception, and the case was conducted for the prosecution by Messrs. Wilson & Wickham, and for the defense by Messrs. Dougherty, of Beaver, and Jordon, of New Lisbon, Ohio. The facts as elicited in examination of witnesses, was substantially as follows: That some time in April last a young Mr. Thompson of Columbiana county, sold two sheep to Mr. Marks, of Darlington, one of which a pet he had stolen from Wm. H. Knight, of Darlington township. The case had been settled once by the father of the young man, who agreed to pay for the sheep and the costs, but not content to let well enough alone, he commenced an action against Mr. Knight for the false imprisonment of his son, and before this last case was settled, Mr. Knight again makes a new information against Thompson. The jury after hearing the evidence found young Thompson guilty, and he was sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and be shut up in jail for six months.

We judge young Thompson will not hereafter take kindly to pets, especially pet sheep.

John Kennedy & Co., of Beaver Falls, are doing a large business in the boot and shoe trade. Their wholesale trade, already large, is certainly increasing, and their facilities for manufacturing boots and shoes are such that they defy competition. They keep constantly on hand a splendid stock of gentlemen and ladies wear of all styles, prices and sizes, also boys and girls boots and shoes. Boots and shoes made to order from the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction. Call and examine their stock and leave your orders. aug15-2t

The dead body of a man supposed to be Stephen Carr, was discovered floating in the river near the shore at Smith's Ferry on Thursday of last week. John McFall, Esq., of Glasgow held an inquest upon it, but the facts discovered were not sufficient to throw much light upon the matter, and the jury rendered a verdict "found drowned." The body probably had been in the water about a week, was much swollen, of medium height, robust, well proportioned, red hair and whiskers, having on good, common clothes, good coarse boots and twenty three dollars in money.

Reynolds Rifles.—At the election of officers held by this company, the following was the result: Captain, David Shields; First Lieutenant, David R. Corbus; Second Lieutenant, Edward Blount; 1st Sergeant, John P. Sherwood; 2d Sergeant, F. O. Peck; 3d Sergeant, N. H. Pangburn; 4th Sergeant, Smith Risinger; 5th do, ——; Commissary Sergeant, Evan Pugh.

A Valuable Work on the West.

"The Undeveloped West; or, Five Years in the Territories." Being a Complete History of that vast region between the Mississippi and the Pacific; its Resources, Climate, Inhabitants, Natural Curiosities, etc., with Life and Adventure on the Prairies, Mountains, and the Pacific Coast. By J. H. Beadle, Western Correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, and Author of 'Life in Utah,' etc. Published by the National Publishing Co., of Philadelphia.

The most attractive, as well as the most remarkable portion of our country, is that which lies West of the Mississippi. It is attractive to the emigrant, because it is to that region that he looks for a home; to the student of nature, because of the stupendous marvels of creation in which it abounds; to the capitalist, because of its wonderful capacity for producing wealth. It is a land of grandeur, beauty and romance.

Mr. Beadle spent five years in the Great West, for the especial purpose of exploring the country. Setting out on foot, he traversed the States of Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas and Texas, as well as Dakotah and the Indian Territory; visiting in person all that was worth seeing; examining the lands, living and conversing with the people, and gaining for himself a fund of information, based upon his own observations and discoveries, more extensive than one man in a million can obtain.

He explored the various routes of the Great Pacific Railways, and spent months with the Indians, both friendly and hostile, studying their character and habits. He allowed no personal peril to deter him from the execution of his plan. Thousands of lonely miles were travorsed by him, and he endured fatigue, hunger and many dangers that he might make known the true character of the land and people in which and among whom his wanderings were made.

The book is full of information and facts of the greatest importance, such as could only be obtained by going after them, as this indefatigable explorer did.

These new States and territories contain incomparably the grandest scenery in the world, and some of the richest resources of the American Continent. Probably no other man has ever journeyed so extensively among them as Mr. Beadle—certainly no one so competent to describe what he has seen.

All sorts of people figure in this work, for it is a brilliant picture of life and manners in the Great West. The hardy frontier farmer; the wary hunter and trapper; the reckless miner; the cruel and degraded savage; the hard working "Heathen Chinee;" the "much married" Mormon; the strange remnants of the once powerful Aztec race—all these figure with the naturalness of life in this remarkable work.

It is emphatically the greatest book of the day, and cannot fail of attaining an immense circulation. We heartily recommend it to our readers.

It is comprised in one large octavo volume of 823 pages, and illustrated with 240 fine engravings of the scenery, lands, mines, people and curiosities of the Great West, and a new map of the region described.

The book is sold by subscription only, and the publishers want agents in every county.

The managers of our Annual Fair have made and are making extensive preparations to have a grand fair this Fall—the best that has ever been in this county—but in order to succeed the farmers and stock growers and all interested in the material progress of the county must turn in and help. Bring in your samples of grain, roots, fruit and choice stock of all kinds, and let it be seen that Beaver county is not behind her neighbors in public spirit and material development.

The M. E. Camp Meeting near Georgetown, which began on last Wednesday and continued till Thursday of this week, was a success. The weather for the most part was favorable and the number of people gathered together large, especially on Sunday when it reached as high as 4000. Revs. Kendig, Huddleson, Baker, Gledhill, Miller and the presiding Elder, Miner, were present at some of the meetings, and a number of clergymen of other denominations also. The meetings were orderly and earnest. The singing was excellent. In regard to the results of the meeting we cannot speak with confidence, but it is probable that some souls have been quickened and the religious interests of the community increased. The accommodations for entertainment were ample except on Sunday when the crowd was very large. There was one feature about the camp that is worthy of especial praise, viz: the excellent arrangement for light. Mr. John Staley laid gas pipes from a contiguous oil well over the ground and lighted the camp by means of the gas from the well. The effect was brilliant and animating. This camp meeting was under the general superintendence of Rev. Joseph Gledhill, of Georgetown, who deserves much praise for the skill with which he managed the meetings and advertised it.

As the purchase of a Sewing Machine is of may be an act for a life-time, care should be taken in selecting one that time and use have proven to be the best. Time tries all things. "Use only furnishes the final test." Opinions of the skillful may be of value, but time is needed to confirm them. While the Singer Sewing Machine Company has given the public the finest fruits of inventive genius, they have guarded it from a multitude of traps. Attachments have been added for various purposes, but it has kept free from all useless complications. Simplicity of parts, and adaptation to the widest range of work has been the constant aim.

Instead of boasting of a variety of useless stitches and movements, it claims to make but One Kind of Stitch, and that with the Fewest Movements Possible. Hence the Machine may run constantly for twenty years, or a life-time, and work just as well as when new.

R. STRAW & Co., No. 10 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. april25-3m

The Leetsdale camp meeting has been well attended. The services, which have been under the direction of Dr. Nesbitt, the Presiding Elder of this district, have been fruitful of good. Camp meetings are becoming common and quite numerous but they lack the spirit and enthusiasm of the old fashioned camp meetings. Modern style has changed their character.

Boots and Shoes at Hertzog & Beams, New Brighton. These gentlemen keep on hand a large assortment of goods in their trade and sell them at the most reasonable rates. They take delight in showing their boots and shoes, and are not afraid of comparing them as to quality, style and prices with those of any other store or manufacturer.

Burglary—The store of Robert Duncan, Beaver Falls, was broken into and entered by persons unknown, on Friday night. Nothing of any value was taken and who the burglers are is not known.

On Sunday night two thieves attempted to break in Mr. R. N. Craighead's store, of the same place, but while in the act were discovered and shot at, one of whom was wounded, and left tracks of blood upon the steps.

Wanted.—John H. Ewing, of Shippingport Pa., is now buying WOOL, paying the highest prices. He wants all he can get. jy18tf

Teachers' Institute,—The Butler county Teachers' Institute will be held in the Court House at Butler, commencing on the 22d of September next. Prof. Miller of Waynesburg College, and Prof. Curry, Deputy Superintendent of Common Schools will be present and assist in the exercises.

The Butler *Eagle* says: After careful inquiry, from various parts of the county, we feel safe in saying that the hay has been a medium crop, not heavy, nor yet a failure, between the two. The most of it was gotten up in good order, though some of it was injured by the rain. The wheat crop is light but good in quality—possibly a little over a half crop. The oats will be an average, and all indications are that the corn will be likewise.

—There seems to be such an interest manifested in knowing what course Mr Waldron would pursue to vindicate his character against his traducers, that we deem it proper merely to say that, feeling it to be a duty he owed both to his family and his friends, he made information against Mr. Negley of *The Citizen* for libel, and that the latter gentleman is now under bail for his appearance at the October term of the Quarter sessions to answer the charge. He intends—in case no retractions are voluntarily made, we believe—to go a little further, and punish two or three others whom he blames with being parties to the plot to defame him. It is said one of these parties has left for parts unknown. We trust he will come back in due time and "face the music." The public may rest assured that they will yet see this case fully ventilated in a court of justice. None of Mr. Waldron's friends need fear for the result.

Business is brisk in Beaver Falls. The factories are running, and the number of workingmen employed in the different establishments is large. It takes a deal of money to keep every thing in motion. About 27 or 28 thousand dollars are paid to the workingmen every month.

Boots and shoes for ladies, gentlemen and children, at Hertzog & Beams, New Brighton.

CAMP GROUND, NEAR GEORGETOWN, Aug. 24, 1873.

EDITOR RADICAL: As I am seated at the base of a majestic oak, overlooking the assembled worshipers, I conclude to pencil you the result of my observation and experience at camp meeting. I arrived here in company with a friend yesterday afternoon, found the encampment located about two miles from Georgetown, near Mill creek, on a steep hill side, scarcely accessible to vehicles. After viewing the surroundings we repaired to a boarding tent for the purpose of refreshing the physical man. The evening service was conducted by Rev. Baker. The audience was not large but patient, orderly and well behaved. After service my friend and I engaged sleeping accommodations at our boarding tent, and concluded we would enjoy our cigars a while before retiring. About 12 o'clock we applied at the office of the chief clerk for some one to show us to our sleeping apartments that were previously engaged for the night. After waiting half an hour or more he proceeded with us to a pen in which was a small quanity of straw, with its sleeping capacity already more than full. Our bed clothing consisted of something representing a comfort, rather cool comfort of about the weight of a pocket handkerchief, without even a pillow or a place whereon to lay our heads. We assumed a reclining attitude, and were amused by a brisk experience meeting and love feast that was being conducted by some women and men. Shortly after reaching our sleeping apartments we were attacked by fleas that were intent on being felt if not heard. The love feast seemed to increase in animation until about I o'clock Sabbath morning, at which time it became intolerable, and we withdrew, taking with us our portion of fleas, but leaving behind the noise, and went in search of more comfortable quarters. We soon reached another boarding tent that was at least more orderly, where we succeeded in appropriating to ourselves the width of our backs under the canvass, where sleep at last came to our relief, and when Sabbath's sun dawned upon us we discovered that our neighbors during the night included several nationalities, at least two colors and two sexes. The Sabbath morning service at 8 o'clock was well attended and listened to with marked attention; the congregation were all comfortably seated and the encampment at that hour was delightful; later in the day the encampment was crowded with people and the forest and neighborhood with vehicles and horses. My friend and I are now about to turn our backs on the encampment in search of more quiet and comfortable quarters, concluding that camp meeting may be a good place for some, but that it is not adapted to the worshipping of God for two unsophisticated youths of pious turn of mind. We notice some Beaver Folks here, but they are not participating in religious service to any considerable extent. J. B.

Washington County Items.—The church authorities at Independence have leased for five years a delightful camp ground on the farm of Mr. Thomas Buchanan at the lower end of the village. They are preparing the ground and fitting up tents for a camp meeting to commence on Wednesday, the 3d of September. They are now sinking wells in order to have a full supply of water. A number of tents have already been erected, some of them two-stories high, and we understand that thirty-two have already been engaged. No camp will be held at Castleman's Run this year.

—Jesse Huff, of West Alexander, accidently drank a dose of corrosive sublimate a few days since, from the effects of which he died.

—The valuable real estate—dwelling and stores—of Wm. Howe, on Main street, this borough, was offered at public sale on Thursday last, and bid up to $7,300, but was not sold.

—The public schools of Washington will open on Monday, the 1st of September. The proper authorities have adopted "Osgood's new series of Readers," to be used in the schools.

—The Le Moyne Professorship of Agriculture in the College has been tendered to Col. W. H. G. Adny of the Ohio University, and he has decided to accept and will be here about the middle of September.

—Court commenced in this borough on Monday last. In the absence of Judge Acheson, Associate Judge Scott instructed the grand Jury, and the Court proceeded with the usual business. Yesterday several cases were tried.

—Homer C. Underwood, of Monongahela City, has been appointed Deputy Grand Master for Washington county of the order of Odd Fellows.

—Mr. W. C. Wiley, post master, has purchased a two-story brick house on West Beau street, in this borough, from Messrs. Wilson & Warrick, for $4 000.

—The Baptist Church at Jonesville in East Finley township is undergoing extensive repairs. When finished it will be greatly improved.

At the meeting of the Washington County Agricultural Society on Saturday last, a committee was appointed to revise the premium list for the coming Fair, to be held on Wednesday and Thursday, September 24th and 25th. Other arrangements were made in the way of preparation for the exhibition, and we learn it is the intention to make it a success in every respect.

—Mr. John Porter died at his residence near West Alexander, in this county, recently, aged about one hundred years.

—Yesterday about noon while Dr. Thomas McKennan was driving towards this borough from the east on the National road, with two little girls—a daughter and niece—his horses ran off. The children were thrown out without being injured. The doctor held on to the lines until the breast yoke broke and left the tongue down, when he was dragged out and received some severe bruises about the face and body. The carriage was considerably broken.

—There is still considerable activity in the wool trade in Washington county, but prices are unchanged. Forty-five cents has been settled upon as the highest ruling rate. In the southern and western part of Washington as well as in Greene county, nearly all the wool has passed out of the hands of the farmers, and most of it has been shipped to the eastern market.

—The Washington county jail at this time contains nine prisoners—four of whom, including Briceland, are under sentence. Since the stampede in the early part of the summer all prisoners have been closely confined to their cells, which renders life much more irksome and less jolly than formerly. Notwithstanding the close confinement during the sultry days of mid-summer, Briceland has improved in health and appearance, and is cheerful with the hope of obtaining a new trial when his case is reviewed by the Supreme Court in November.

"Standard" Refined Carbon Oil, Fire Test only 22 cts. per gallon, at Hugo Andriessen's, Beaver Drug Store.

The Wear and Tear of Life.

The cares, anxieties and misfortunes of life have much to do with shortening it as disease. They are in fact the source of many ailments and physical disabilities. Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, affections of the liver, disturbances of the bowels, headache, hypochondria and monomania are among these distressing fruits. It is, therefore of great importance that persons whose minds are oppressed with heavy responsibilities or harrassed by family troubles, or excited by speculation, or perplexed by a multiplicity of enterprises, or in any way over taxed or overworked, should keep their stamina by the daily use of a wholesome tonic. Thousands of persons thus circumstanced are enabled to bear up against the difficulties in which they are involved, and to retain their strength, health and mental clearness by the regular use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases which are prone to attack the body when debilitated and broken down by over-much brain work, or exhausting physical labor, are kept at bay by the resistant power with which this incomparable tonic endows the nervous system and the vital organs. At this season, when the heat is evaporating the elements of strength from every pore, an invigorant is absolutely essential to the safety and comfort of the public, and is required even by the more robust if they desire to keep their athletic capabilities in status quo. Hence a course of Hostetter's Bitters is particularly useful at this period of the year as a defence against the invisible disease afloat in a sultry atmosphere. It is the most potent of all preventive medicines, and for all complaints which affect the stomach, the liver and the bowels, and interfere with the perfect digestion and assimilation of food, it is the standard remedy.

MARRIED.

JACKSON—RUSSELL.—In Bridgewater, August 23d, by Rev. James M. Shields, Mr. Richard Jackson of East Liverpool, Ohio, and Miss Rosa Russell of Industry, Pa.

SMITH—BRADY.—By Rev. J. G. Gogley, July 31, Wm. P. Smith and Miss Sarah R. Brady, all of Homewood, Beaver county, Pa.

SMITH—ROBERTS.—August 21, by the same, J. M. Smith and Johanna T. Roberts, all of the same place.

NEW BRIGHTON GRAIN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY WADE WILSON.

White Wheat per bushel			$1 70
Red	do	"	1 65
Rye	"	"	75
Oats	"	"	40
Corn (shelled)	"	"	55

New Advertisements.

WANTED.

A Good Wagon Maker and Blacksmith to take charge of a shop. For further information address J. H. CHRISTY, Holt P. O., Beaver County, Pa. aug29-3*.

M'CLELLAN'S

INSTITUTE FOR BOYS

At West Chester, Pa. A beautiful and elevated situation, 23 miles west of Philadelphia. Spacious Play grounds with Gymnasium. Students prepared for College, Polytechnic Schools or Business. Special provisions made for very young boys. Many students remain as boarders during summer vacation. Session begins September 10. Address ROBERT M M'CLELLAN. a29-4t.

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The Mutual Life Insurance Company,

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The largest and wealthiest company in the world and the oldest Insurance Company in America offer

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Endowment Policies payable in CASH in ten, fifteen or twenty years, and all Life Policies share in the large annual cash dividends, which can be used to reduce the premiums, making the cost of insurance less each year.

A. B. CLARK,
Agent for Beaver County.
aug22tf

HISTORY OF THE BEAVER VALLEY.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

BEAVER VALLEY, August, 1873.

[Paper No. 23.]

With all the charming memories of the past that cluster so richly around.

THE HISTORY OF THIS VALLEY,

with all its favored resources for unlimited expansion of industries, and with all the advantages, business, social or domestic, that it has, it has not yet advanced beyond a few separate towns, with scarcely anything in common but jealousies and rivalries. There is no well-built, thriving and populous city that many of the early settlers dreamed of, nor a thithe of that prosperity that they labored so hard to bring to pass. A neighborhood cannot thrive and grow on the prestige of past success, or by vain boasting about what beneficent nature has so bountifully bestowed upon it. Day dreaming never made either an individual or a community great, but, on the contrary, the most untiring industry and the hardest of labored toil can alone wrest from a grudging world the treasures that are in it. By first apologizing for the presumption of suggesting improvement to men much my superior in years and experience, I take the liberty—humbly, of course—to point out

A FEW OF THE NEEDS.

The pressing and imperative needs of this otherwise favored region, of course, it is not intended to even mention all of them, that were too great a task, but merely to call attention to a few of the most pressing. The first is the want of enterprise on the part of all its citizens. Beaver vallians are day dreamers. There is not a man or woman in it but can and does suggest a thousand and one improvements, the one five-hundredth part of which, if carried out, would make the place famous. There is plenty of theory, any number of planners of campaigns, but precious few who are willing and ready to execute them. Every general rule seems to have its exceptions, so I must make a few honorable exceptions in this general arraignment. There are a few

NOBLE SPIRITS AMONG US,

who bear the brunt of the battle, and never lag in any enterprise. Is there a proposition for iron works, gas works, water works—they are on hand, and their names head the list of subscriptions, and their time is devoted to the interests of the enterprises. But there are scarcely enough to save us from destruction. Ten righteous men, you will remember, would have saved a doomed city at one time, but the city was lost—not because none were there, but not enough. I would very much dislike to see ten righteous, enterprising men taken from Beaver Valley; not that it would thereby be lost, but there would be a great stagnation. The facts are, that these towns are literally at a stand still for the want of enterprise. Of course, a full-bound volume of the last census will be thrown at me at this juncture.

Has not

BEAVER FALLS INCREASED TEN-FOLD

within ten years, and has not New Brighton increased fifty per cent. in population in the same period? True, but it was outside enterprise. Name a factory started in New Brighton, Fallston, Bridgewater or Beaver, in ten years, by home enterprise. You can count every one of them that is now in successful operation on the thumbs of your two hands. It is true that Rochester has a large tumbler establishment and a coffin factory, but the old glass works in Bridgewater and the National Plow Factory in Rochester have stopped; and this all within ten years.

Beaver Falls is

FULL OF FACTORIES.

What are they? A cutlery, removed from Rochester—not much gain; a file factory, saw factory, axe factory, brush factory—all large and paying—but who built them? Men outside of Beaver Valley. The old paper mill, flouring mill, foundry, and a few smaller establishments are the products of Beaver Valley enterprise. Notice further, that nearly every home enterprise of any magnitude, most of the flouring mills, woolen mills, wire factory, some of the foundaries, twine and paper factories, were started from

TWENTY TO FIFTY AND SIXTY YEARS AGO,

scarcely any within ten years, started at a time when your Townsends, Merricks, Hoopes, Miners, Wilsons, Pattersons, Bakers, Wildes, Pughs, and a mighty host of workers were in active life. The sons of these men who have remained in the Valley form the larger part of some enterprise to-day, aided by some others not identified with the early life of the Valley. But these are but a small number, and the majority of them are cramped for want of means. Outside of these there are men with ample means, but they lack the spirit and enterprise. The leaven must work in the pockets of these men before any great work is done for the good of the Valley.

Now as to

THE INCREASE OF POPULATION.

What brought it to Beaver Falls? It was the direct effect of the building of the mills, &c., by outside parties. The mills already in operation had their hands and they needed no more. The carpenters, bricklayers, masons, etc., came to build homes for the hands employed in the new mills and as well for the employers, and for their own immediate use. Great excitement was the result, and many imagined that a large city was at their feet. But when the Economites invested all they could, the

GRAFFS, FESCENDENS, BLAKES

and others, exhausted their immediate means, then the day dreamers went to dreaming again, and so they will sleep and dream, Rip Van Winkle-like, until something or other "turns up," or turns them up. They will probably arouse sufficiently to pray "Good fortune send us a few more Pittsburghers and New Yorkers and Economites,"—without the Chinese.

A Cincinnatian was among us a few days since, stayed over Sunday; got a carriage, went to Beaver, Alum Rocks and Beaver Falls. Was asked, "Well, how do you like our neighborhood?" "Very well," said he, "a good, quiet place to rest, and were it not for the few factories on the race, you could take a Rip Van Winkle sleep." Bless the gentleman from Porkopolis, the factories don't disturb us any, kind o' lulls us to sleep, and then, under their gentle murmur, we dream all about them and imagine ourselves brave fellows. The Chinese will turn out to

BE A BLESSING IN DISGUISE.

The good people had been pleasantly day dreaming for about one and one-half years when this foreign and detested element came among us. It turned us up, and there was more energy displayed than had been seen for many a day. The Beavers became strong, active men once more, as they are naturally, and the way things flew about generally was a caution to everything in the heathen line, and this uprising had a good effect—just like it is every time, when our people determine to do a thing, they do it—and the Chinese are leaving, and then when

AH SIN

and all those Ahs have betaken themselves to a more congenial clime, will, in all probability, go to dreaming again, until something else turns us up. Oh, shame, descendents of those old worthies who wrested this fair heritage from the hands of the savage, are you going to sit calmly down and watch all these mighty natural powers elude your grasp, and not utilize them?

Remember the

TOWNSENDS, HOOPES, PUGHS, AND WILSONS,

who seventy years ago made this water power work for them, and emulate their example by making the valley bloom as a rose. New Brighton wants gas works, and the enterprise is put on foot. Some of our very best men are put on the committee, and they head the list with their names and means.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS ARE WANTED,

and after weary weeks and months of anxious waiting the books show not one-half the stock taken. Of course this is mainly from an over-whelming sense of modesty and something else. Mr. B is asked to subscribe, and he says, "Well, I can't tell just yet, but think I can help it; but I'll not put my name down until certain others have." Messrs. C, D and E all do the same thing until the end of the alphabet, until it comes to X. He has a little home and enough surplus for five shares. He feels the need of the enterprise and gladly invests in it. The modest people applaud X for his spirit, &c., but he stands alone almost, outside of the committee. But then, what do we want with gas? Haven't we an occasional lamp on our streets? All true enough; we have street lamps, but we have run out of oil and they are of no account except on moonlight nights, when most any one can walk alone. So it may be that New Brighton may settle down to the good old times, and have none of your new-fangled pipes and burners and the terribly dangerous gas. We won't stand it to have our property taxed to pay for putting down pipes and furnishing gas to light up our streets. What's the use in it? There is none, 'tis true. People in the rural districts ought to go to bed when the birds do, and they won't need gas.

Then there is Beaver Falls, has had a charter for gas works these many months, and yet there is not the remotest sign of gas to light the streets. From

"BLOCK HOUSE RUN"

on the south, to Barnardville on the north, ye inhabitants can clamber over stones and gulleys and cellar doors, and wade through mud or dust, as it may be, just as your fathers and mothers used to do. Don't need gas, of course not, couldn't clamber and wade if we had it.

And so we must dream over this a while. Men of ample means won't invest, and the enterprising men who do the work can't invest for want of funds, and the enterprise must stop. And

WHY DON'T MEN OF MEANS INVEST?

Oh, they have invested, and been "fooled" and lost some of their money. Not a very strong argument, it is true, but then it is sufficient to prevent our pleasant dreams from being disturbed.

Enterprising

BEAVER FALLS HAS WATER WORKS.

Good old Beaver has water works. New Brighton has no water works—don't need any. We have two town pumps and plenty of private wells and cisterns, and pray what do we want with water works? Beaver Falls and Beaver people have water in their kitchens and rooms; the rest of the towns have it there, too, or if not there, there is plenty of it in Beaver and Ohio rivers. But

NEW BRIGHTON

has two historic pumps. The wells were dug and the logs hewed out, lo! many years ago, and these old pumps have watered many a man and beast for all these years; but like the old-fashioned "sweeps" of still earlier times, they require no amount of muscle. There is probably no institution in the town that has been the innocent cause of more profanity than these poor, old, unoffending pumps. Here most of our good people who are near enough get ther supplies of water. Little boys swing themselves on the handles of the pumps, until they have gymnatics enough for a week, before they get their buckets full. Hard working women, leaving their children to cry until their return, haste to the wells to get what water they need. And oh! how they envy Rachael of old her complacency of mind, as at the well she drew water for man and beast, while they, poor women, must needs almost break their backs and lame their arms to get enough for the good, enterprising husbands coffee. But

IS THERE NO DEFENCE FOR THESE OLD PUMPS?

Yes, there is, and I gladly don my coat of mail to be the knight that shall defend their fair fame. Many a tired, weary man and beast has been refreshed at these fountains. The man who put them there deserves the chicest blessings and benedictions of all the people for the great good already done. But oh, ye town fathers, oh, ye men of capital and enterprise, don't you know that in the mutations of time better fountains for water supplies have been found than these pumps? Have you never heard of reservoirs and hydrants? Have you never seen the weak child and weary woman unthrottle the pipe that held the gurgling waters, without pain or backache? Don't you know that even wells and cisterns give out in times of drough? Then don't you see the need of water works? But they cost money! Do they? How much, suppose you, have those two solitary pumps cost the goodly borough of New Brighton? Enough to pay interest on money borrowed to put in operation water works. Yea, much more. There is scarcely a "quarter" in the year but the "Squire" and his helpers may be seen wrestling with the old south ward pump. They pump, but lo! no water comes. They take out the sucker and put in a new one. Again they pump and no water comes. They take out the old logs and clean them, put them back again and pump, but no water comes. Again the logs are lifted and cleaned and scraped, and sawed and refitted until the work seems perfect. Again they pump and no water comes. That pump is refractory, and the "Squire" retires in disgust from the field, discomfited, beaten, and now it takes a hercules to bring water from the depths, through that old pump. It costs money to build water works. Yes, and they can be made to pay a fair dividend when they are built. Of all the towns in this valley, New Brighton, more than any other, needs water works.

MESSRS. MINER & MERRICK

have done what they could to supply a part of the town from their spring, but it necessarily does not meet the one-twentieth part of the demand.

But we

NEED SOMETHING ELSE

yet. We need a general and most thorough cleaning and fixing up. Why, Beaver Valley streets and mud and dust have become proverbial. Streets covered with holes and hills, side walks dilapidated and neglected, sewers choked with "smart-weed" and "dog-fennel," cellars open for pedestrians to stumble in, holes to break the shins of night walkers in, and lay the foundation for bills of damages.

GENERAL NEGLECT—GENERAL DISORDER.

Here it is again, no money. If no better can be done, why not borrow money? Get in debt by doing that. Of course we'll get in debt, and what's our town worth unless they are in debt? Debt means taxation, and taxation means the unsettling of the nerves of our good, conservative, modest people. In addition to all this, we must have more business for our people. These water courses must be lined with factories and mills, or just as sure as we exist, so surely will we stop right still and die in our tracks, an unlamented and unmourned death. Enterprise, men,—enterprise, *enterprise*, work and will are what we want.

We must dream less and act more, or we can never reach the goal of our ambition. Why let our powers and capabilities lie dormant when there is so much that can be done and at so little a cost.

"Let us, then,

BE UP AND DOING,

with a heart for any fate," never faltering, never losing courage, never looking back, until we shall be what we ought—to be—one of the most prosperous people on God's fair footstool.

But how can we erect mills and factories ween we have not the means to do so? We can build gas works probably, we can build water works, perhaps, we can repair our streets, &c., if it must be, but it is far beyond the bounds of posibility, that we can utilize all this water power. What can be expected of us in this regard? That brings me to a point, that reminds me of something else I have to say, and must say it. I promised the good *Gazette* people that No. 23 would relieve them of any further infliction from this series of notes, but how

CAN I REFRAIN FROM NO. 24?

So I will tell you in another letter, that one of your greatest needs, is the "attraction of brains and capital to the Valley," and that you ought to show "liberally to those who wish to come among you to aid you in developing the valley," and one or two other points, all of which will be told very briefly, plainly and humbly. Now, neighbors and friends, with an earnest hope that you may at once awaken to active duty and labor, I bow my best bow, and invoke upon you the guardianship of the good and mighty over-ruling spirit of enterprise.

BEAVER.

Civil Service Questions.

Give the year, month, day, hour, and minute of your birth, to the best of your knowledge and belief.

Do you believe in Darwinism? If so, how many of your ancestors do you calculate you would be compelled to dig up before you found an extra length of spine?

When is the best time to trim corns?

Do you differ from Webster in your style of spelling? If so, in what words?

At the present rate of punishing crime, how long will it be before murderers are pensioned?

What was the number of acres in Rhode Island when first discovered?

Do your shirts open in front or behind?

What was the name of the son of Austerlitz, and did the old man have any daughters?

Who was Secretary of the Navy while the Erie Canal was built?

Do any members of your family make any pretentions toward keeping Lent, save your umbrella and brass kettle?

Who was commander-in-chief of the armies of the United States, when Sergeant Bates made his raid through England?

In your judgment, which should prevail, the bias of jurisprudence or compulsory hanging, where the jury are temporarily idiotic?

Are you well posted in vulgar fractions and polite literature of the day?

Is there any sentiment in the human heart more tender than the bosom of a dollar-store shirt?

What is the length of the Chicago River, and how far from its mouth is it navigable for light-draught ducks?

Did the Smiths come to America before the Browns? If so, why?

In what year was the Colorado potato-bug patented?

Should lighting rod peddlers be allowed to vote until after death?

Who was the fruit dealer who first cried "Hang out your bananas on the outer walls, the cry is give us rum?"

Square a Cincinnati hog's root, by taking a segment from the circle of his tail and adding it to the diameter of his nose?

Are you in favor of "local option" as applied to sparking on the gate of your prospective father-in-law?

Under what circumstances would you suspend the *habeas corpus* act in order to string up a milk-peedler?

Give the names of six of the wealthiest horse doctors in the country since the epizootic left.

At which end of a chicken-pie do you commence an attack?

Do you prespire freely while carving before a large dinner-party?

Does it take any more cloth to dress the Goddess of Liberty in fashionable attire, than it does to rag out Hall Columbia, so that the Washington society papers will notice her?

Which is the greatest female character in history—Joan of Arc or Lydia Tompson?

Are you insured in the Travelers, of Hartford? If so, how much?

Stand on your head and repeat the multiplication table backward, at the same time give the "Heathen Chinee" in Latin, and sing "We may be happy yet."

This comprises the most important questions in the list. We have omitted a few pretaining to mathematics and grammar, but the above will convey to the minds of young men who desire governmental positions some idea of what they must undergo previously. — *Missouri Democrat, St. Louis.*

The Meddlesome Monkey.

There was a meddlesome monkey that set out to reform the world.

"Milk isn't good for you," he said to the cat, upsetting the saucer, and the cat scratched one of his eyes out.

"You were not meant to gnaw bones," he said to the dog, and he ran off with the bone; but the dog ran after him and bit his tail off.

"How can beef be made of grass, you foolish beast," he said to the ox, offering him the bone he had stolen from the dog; but the ox tossed him up into a tree.

As he sat there, minus an eye and a tail, and plus a broken rib, he moaned out:

"How blindly ungrateful is the world to its best benefactors?"

A GERMAN Jew was eating a pork-chop in a thunderstorm. On hearing an unusually loud clap, he laid down his knife and fork, and observed, "Vell, did any poty efer hear such a fuss about a liddle pid of pork?"

"NASBY" is to make "Bricks without Straw" in Lyceums next winter. He says the topic occurred to him by finding a brick in his hat, which come through a straw.

A YOUNG lady at Saratoga, writing home to her mother, concludes with—"P. S.—You will see by my signature that I am married."

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as an article for the Bath, "reaches the foundation of all dirt," opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.

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cleanses and beautifies the skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.

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costs 10 to 15 cents per cake, and everybody should have it. You will like it.

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Buy it of your merchant if he has it or will procure it for you. If not then write for our pamphlet, "All About Sapolio," and it will be mailed free.

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198, Penn st., (near St. Clair Hotel) Pittsburgh, Pa., and Beaver Falls, Pa.

Exclusive Agents for Allegheny, Beaver and Lawrence counties of the lands of the A. T. & Santa Fe R. R.: (can give tickets at reduced rates to go and see these lands); also lands of Union Pacific and Iron Mt. & Ark. Railroads. Have over 60 farms for sale. Call at either office and examine our register. We offer for sale the following properties, etc.

A pleasantly located farm, situate in North Sewickly township, Beaver County, for sale. Contains 119 acres, lies on Harmony, New Castle and Beighton roads, 90 acres improved, balance in timber, consisting of Oak, Locust, Chestnut, &c.; can all be worked by machinery, soil is very productive, excellent for grain or pasture; land lies undulating, good springs all over the farm; underlaid with coal, limestone and ore; good sand and building stone; fences are rail and board, in good condition; good orchard of apple, peach and other varieties of choice fruit; grapes, shrubbery, &c. Improvements consist of a two-story frame house of six rooms, good cellar and kitchen, smoke house, corn crib, new barn 50x40 feet, stone spring house, close to schools, churches, saw mill, stores, 5 miles from Brighton, 3½ from Beaver Falls. 1½ miles from the line of the proposed Baltimore and Chicago Railroad. Price $11,900.

NO. 70.

A GOOD DAIRY, STOCK OR GRAIN FARM

In Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., containing about 140 acres—of which 120 acres are cleared, 35 acres first bottom land; 20 acres in oak timber; balance of cleared land, gently rolling; all under fence, on the P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad; building on a good township road one-half mile from Homewood station; soil is first class and all can be worked by machinery. Improvements, one newly weather-boarded log house of 5 rooms, two stories high, veranda and frame kitchen, with pleasant surroundings, one new two-story frame house of 4 rooms, portico in front; a good cellar; spring of water and well close to house; one new bank barn, with stone foundation, 40x60, with plenty of stabling for horses and cows; corn crib, smoke house, and all usual outbuildings; a first-rate orchard of various kinds of fruit trees in good bearing condition, and a young orchard. This place is in a very pleasant part of the county, with every surrounding object to make it agreeable and attractive, and is a first-class farm in a good neighborhood, close to schools, churches, post-office and station—will subdivide this tract if desired by the purchaser, for sale. Price, $80 per acre, in payments. George E. McCready, owner.

NO. 73.

A SPLENDID GARDEN OR DAIRY FARM,

containing about 107 acres, of which 82 acres are cleared and under a high state of cultivation, well fenced, mostly post and rail, and in splendid order; ten springs on the place, two orchards containing 225 apple and 100 peach trees, bearing and in good condition; about 27 acres of the best quality of timber; a good frame barn 50x36 feet, with stabling underneath; a new frame stable 16x30; a new corn crib, a good frame house of four rooms and cellar, a good milk house, an excellent enclosed garden patch; plenty of small fruit such as cherries, plums, quinces, grapes, &c. Near to a new school house, 1½ miles from Industry on the C. & P. Railroad, good roads to station. The soil is good and the farm is well adapted to dairy or stock purposes, and is considered one of the best. Price 80 per acre, in payments. Benjamin Todd, Owner.

may16-1y

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BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY

from $4 to $8 per day; can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having leisure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free.

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And a LARGE STOCK of OIL.

100 BARRELS CANTON CITY FLOUR.
100 " FALCON "
15 HOGSHEADS OF N. O. SUGAR.
30 BARRELS OF N. O. MOLASSES.
KEGS OF WHEELING NAILS.
TEN TONS OF WHEELING IRON.

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EBERHART & BEDISON,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS AND

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

No. 223 BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,

sept27-1y Beaver County, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Tornby and Elizabeth Laney, of Economy township, Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement to

REUBEN HENDRICKSON, Adm'r.

je13-6t.

HOUSE AND FARM.

Swamp Muck.

If the farmer had barn, pen and yard manure enough, no other would be needed. In this are all the elements of plants and all the properties suited to meliorate the soil, pysically. With this, and a little lime to quicken its action and to neutralize the acidity of wet, sour soils, he could improve his land to almost any extent, and there would be an end of the manure question.

If, in the lack of home manure, he resorts to the portable mercantile manures, this is well, so far as mineral ingredients are considered, but there is a deficiency of organic matter. Manure must be in large quantity, as well as of good quality; there must be organic matter—animal or vegetable, or both, and there must be enough to affect the physical condition of soils—to render heavy soils light, and open—so that roots can penetrate easily and the air circulate freely, and to give light, sandy soils a loamy cast that will enable them to retain water.

Hence the value of swamp muck. If rightly manipulated and wisely applied, it will prove itself of considerable value, not solely as a feeder of plants, but mainly as a modifier of soils—making both sandy and clay soils easier to cultivate and more productive, and that, somewhat permanently—more so, at least, than is true of most fertilizers.

All analysts agree that old, black swamp muck contains just about the same ingredients as the solid excrements of horned cattle, when hay or grass fed, except that the soluble alkalies of the former—potash and soda and a little common salt—have been washed out, while they remain in the latter. This shows for swamp muck a very considerable value, since the addition of a little wood ash, very little common salt, and a little lime to neutralize its acidity—all costing but a trifle—make it almost precisely the equivalent of manure from under the stable window.

But we appeal from a scientific to a practical view of the subject. Many suspect the deductions of science, as if true everywhere else, but false in agriculture; while but few will doubt the testimony of sound, practical, successful farmers. Thousands of such have used swamp muck freely, and though costing something for labor and for desirable additions, they have found it to pay better than fertilizers they have purchased. We know many who testify to this effect, and we believe their testimony is reliable, as it agrees strictly with the scientific views on the subject.

As to the soil to which it is adapted: Of course it need not be applied to low, swampy land. These already contain enough of it, and to add more would be like carrying coal to New Castle, or offering strawberries in Hammonton, New Jersey, whence five car loads are shipped daily, for fifty days every year, in strawberry time, for New York and Philadelphia. By the way, on the sandy lands of New Jersey, strawberries are grown more by the aid of swamp muck, wherever it can be had, than of all other fertilizers, and are such in quality as cannot be beaten.

Next: on turf land, and on land frequently alternated with grass, and consequently well supplied with organic matter, swamp muck cannot be expected to be as immediately useful as on worn soils, where the organic matter is deficient. On all uplands—sandy, loamy or clayey—it is sure to report itself favorably in the crops, and, besides, to effect a permanent improvement of soils having too much sand or too much clay.

For gardening, farming and nursery purposes—to all of which it is well suited, better perhaps, to the nursery than to others—it should be dug if possible the year previous to its use, as early as August or September, and in a dry time. If thrown in high piles, the water will be drained out, and it will not again be saturated, and will be lighter to remove. As much as can be used, as an absorbent of the liquid excrements of the animals, should be carried to the stalls, folds, yards and pens, in as dry a state as possible, to be used for that purpose. The salts in the liquid excrements will supply just what the muck wants to make it as good as the manure heap; and in this case no addition of potash, lime and salt will be required.

But if not brought to the barn and mixed with the manure by the feet of the animals, it is well to mix with one bushel of wood ash, one bushel of lime, and half a bushel of some cheap agricultural salt to each cart load. That will make it as good as the average barn manure for corn, grass, potatoes, or almost any other crop. For corn, it is excellent; for potatoes, nothing is better; it will insure a good crop, and a good quality, very little liable to the rot, if placed a small shovelful in the hill and covered, with the seed, four inches deep. If applied to grass land, the same addition as above can be recommended. But if to be applied to grass land, with no addition, and without compositing with manure, it should be dug at least a year beforehand, and then spread on in the fall, to have the benefit of the winter frosts, snows and rains. The water from snow and rain contains considerable ammonia; and swamp muck is one of the most powerful retainers of ammonia for the use of crops.

For Indian corn there is nothing better than barnyard manure, into which dry swamp muck, equal to the manure itself, has been thrown during the fall, winter and spring, and there thoroughly mixed and composted under the feet of animals.

Breeds of Hogs

As there are so many farmers expressing their opinions in regard to the best breed of hogs, and as many of these come from persons directly interested in one breed or another, or are guessed at from very little actual experience, I propose, with your permission, to give my experience for the last ten years with the three most prominent breeds of hogs, viz: Chester Whites, Berkshires, and Poland-Chinas. Up to the year 1869 I had bred Chester Whites, with a little sprinkling of Suffolk, with very poor success. Every year many of the pigs were troubled with scurvy and inclined to "scalawag." If a sow became poor from suckling pigs, it was almost impossible to fatten her. Many a sow have I sold that brought less than half as much as the corn would bring that she had eaten. I should state that it has been my practice for the last ten years to buy a boar every year, and raised some years one hundred pigs for fattening purposes.

In the year 1869 I bought a full-blood Berkshire boar from the stock of a well-known breeder of Illinois, and used him on my Chester White sows. When my pigs began to come I was well pleased, and, for the first few months, I thought I had hit upon the right thing exactly. My pigs were all healthy, fat, well-formed, and active. Soon after this I began to discover that they were not growing as fast as my Chester Whites had done, and when I finally sold them they were far short of my old stock in weight.

In 1870 I bought a Poland-China boar, and the pigs from the stock suited me so well that I have used none but Poland-Chinas ever since. I find that the Poland-Chinas will fatten in a close pen, or a ten acre lot, or with stock hogs, and are at all times quiet and peacable; are good breeders, good mothers, never get scurvy, are perfectly healthy, and sell as readily as any other hog. (I know that at times Berkshires bring a little more in Chicago than some other hogs, but it is when the light weights are in demand.)

Breeders of small breeds tell us that they will attain 300 or 400 pounds weight quicker, and on less feed, than those of a large breed. This is not so. The larger the breed the more rapid the growth; the more quiet a hog the best return he will make from what he is fed. Why does a Berkshire have so much larger quarters, better legs and a longer snout, than most other breeds? Because their limbs and snout are in constant use, and that develops muscles and quarters, and makes the legs strong and firm, and, of course, a hog always on the move requires more feed to get the same growth than a quiet one.

If you want a hog for the harness, by all means get the Berkshire, as they certainly have the most action, and the best lungs of any hog in existence. They can run faster and farther, jump higher, eat quicker and do more fighting in the same length of time than any hog I ever owned.

I am well aware that the Berkshire is at this time a fashionable breed of hogs, but from all I can learn, those who think so much of the Berkshires have never owned a Poland-China. — *Correspondence Prarie Farmer.*

How to Dress Sheep.

Many of our country readers who kill their mutton will be interested in the following directions from the Gentleman's Magazine for dressing sheep:

It may be of interest to some of our country readers to learn how to dress sheep properly; because a great deal of the flavor depends upon how this operation is performed. We give directions how to avoid the ill flavor which arises from the absorption by the meat of the gas from the intestines, which, as the outside of the carcass cools, cannot escape, and is, therefore, absorbed by the flesh. There is a simple remedy. As soon as the animal is dead, let the hide be slit from the brisket to the tail and to the knees, by the quick motion of a sharp-pointed knife inserted beneath the skin. Strip the skin from the belly and the ribs and legs, so that it will be out of the way of the intestines. Then open the sheep immediately, and disembowel. All this ought to be the work of about one minute or two, for if it occupies five there will not be sufficient time for the carcass to cool sufficiently to cause any unpleasant taste. Then proceed to strip the skin from the back of the carcass. A sheep should be killed by thrusting a sharp knife through the neck, back of the windpipe, without touching it, however, but cutting the arteries; as soon as the knife is inserted it should be twisted around as if to make a round hole; there will be no mistake made in cutting the arteries, and the death of the animal will be comparatively painless and rapid.

Unfermented Manure.

Many excellent farmers have an idea that maure to be most efficient in raising crops should be well rotted, but this is a mistake. Manure loses a heavy percentage. Fresh manure drippings, with animal urine, drawn directly from the stable on the land and ploughed under, is worth nearly double that which is decomposed to saponaceous consistency. When it is convenient for farmers to draw manure on corn ground from the stable as fast as it is made, it saves handling it twice and forwards the work in busy Spring time. No fear need be entertained that the atmosphere will carry off the strength of the manure if left on the surface. The only danger to be apprehended by this method will be in the case of the ground being frozen over and covered with snow and ice when the manure is applied; if upon sloping land the virtue of the manure might be washed away, but on level land there is no exception to this plan of operation during the entire Fall and Winter season.

Paint for Rough Buildings.

A correspondent of the *Country Gentleman* gives the following receipt for cheap coloring for rough buildings:

Take 2 oz. of salamoniac and 2 oz. of potash; dissolve these in three quarts of water; then add one quart raw linseed oil; then take, say 10 pounds dry red paint (that was what we used) and add water enough to put on with a white wash brush (we used fish pickle). Add one gill turpentine to the linseed oil. If red does not suit, add anything to alter the color. We used paint made as above on rough buildings twelve years ago, and it is almost or quite as bright now as when put on. To make the building look well, you ought to paint the corner boards with white lead and oil.

THE ultimate ground of faith and knowledge is confidence in God.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, Fieri Facias and Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Beaver, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30TH, 1873,

at ten o'clock, A M, the following property to-wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in Raccoon township, Beaver county, Penn'a., bounded and described as follows: on the north by land of James Knowls & Wm. Lyons, on the east by land of Wm. Lyons, on the south by public road, and on the west by land of James Knowls, containing one-half an acre, more or less, on which is erected a one-story frame dwelling house, containing 4 rooms, with cellar underneath; also a two-story frame building, about 16 by 30 feet, used as a shop. Frame stable and other necessary outbuildings. Good well of water at the door, and fruit trees on the lot; all enclosed.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Rachel Bell, executrix of Wm. Bell, dec'd., at the suit of Commonwealth for use.

ALSO NO 2.

At the same time and place, all right, title, interest, and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in the borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Penn'a., being lot No. 18, in Kennedy's extension of said borough of New Brighton, bounded on the north by lot No. 20, on the south by lot No. 20, and fronting on Third street 40 feet, and extending back therefrom 173 feet to Brush street, on which is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, 26 by 16 feet, having two rooms on the first floor and two rooms on the second floor.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of A Wolf at the suit of Crane & Harrold.

ALSO NO. 3.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendants of, in and to all the undivided one-half part of all that certain piece or parcel of land, mentioned as three lots of ground, situate in Warrick's branch of Island Run, Ohio township, Beaver county, Penn'a., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post at the northwest corner of said lots, thence by land of said Thomas Dawson, (now laid off in lots,) north 65 degrees east 2 2 10 perches to a post, thence by land of said Thomas Dawson, (which is leased), south 20 perches to a post, thence by other lands of said Thomas Dawson, south 66 degrees west 35 2-10 perches to a post, thence by lot No. 33, north 20 perches to the place of beginning, containing 3 acres of and, strict measure. The same being part of a large tract of land which was conveyed to the said Thomas Dawson by deed of partition of Benoni Dawson and Wife and Thomas Dawson, dated 26th day of March, A. D. 1845, recorded in Beaver in Book No. 45, pages 356, 357, &c., and the premises described in this mortgage was convoyed by said Thomas Dawson to Jordan S. Neal & said Jeremiah Ormes by Deed dated January 15th, 1866, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 50, pages 65 and 66, upon which is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, containing four rooms, and frame stable. There is also 4 oil wells with engines, tubeing, casing, and machinery for pumping oil, said wells producing about 60 barrels of oil per month.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jeremiah Ormes & Nancy Jane Ormes, at the suit of Thomas Dawson.

ALSO NO. 4.

At the same time and place all right, title interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain parcel or lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver, county of Beaver, and State of Penn'a., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post on the line of Fifth street, thence by said street 45 feet to the public road leading from Beaver to Achertown, thence by said road 140 feet to a post, thence by an alley north 60 degrees, east 42 feet to a post, and thence by lot formerly of Findlay Anderson south 31 degs., east 140 feet to Fifth street, the place of beginning.

Also all that certain other parcel or lot of ground, being a part of Academy lot No. 1, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post on the dividing line between Academy lots Nos. 1 & 2, 58 feet from the north line of Fifth street, thence by said lot No. 2 north 39 degrees, west 84 feet to a post, thence by part of Academy lot No. 1 north 60 degrees, east 12 feet to a post, thence south 31 degrees, east 83 feet to place of beginning; both of the above described pieces of ground adjoining each other; on which is erected a good two-story dwelling house, containing six rooms, with cellar underneath, frame stable, ice house, cook house, shop 16 by 14 feet, and other necessary outbuildings. Good well of water on the premises, all enclosed.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Milo Reed, at the suit of James Johnston et all.

ALSO NO. 5.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendants of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Penn'a.; being lot No. 131 in said borough of Beaver Falls, bounded on the north by Maple alley, on the east by lot No. 132, south by Mulberry street, and on the west by Tank alley, having a front of 40 feet on Mulbery street, and extending back therefrom 115 feet to Maple alley, on which is erected a two-story brick dwelling house, containing 5 rooms and hall, with cellar underneath, frame stable and other necessary outbuildings, all enclosed.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of James P. Hutchinson, at the suit of Maigaret Smith, also as the suit of D. Singleton.

ALSO. NO. 6.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain messuage and lot or piece of land situate in Industry, county of Beaver, and State of Penn'a. bounded and described as follows, to-wit: being lot No. 40 in the plan of lots in said village, bounded on the west by lot No. 39, north by Orange street, east by lot No. 41, and on the south by Centre alley.

Also lot No. 41 in the plan of said village, bounded on the west by lot No. 40, north by Orange street, east by grape alley, and on the south by Centre alley, on which is erected a one-story frame dwelling house, containing 4 rooms and kitchen, fruit trees and necessary out buildings in lots, all enclosed.

Also lot No. 94, in the plan of lots in said village, bounded on the west by lot No. 73, north by Canal street, east by Grape Alley, and on the south by Orange street.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of S. J. Anderson at the suit of Smith & Forester.

ALSO NO 7.

At the same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all those certain lots or pieces of ground situate in Borough township, county of Beaver, and State of Penn'a., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: being lots numbered 67, 68 and 69, in the general plan of lots in the village of Vanport, in said Borough township, bounded on the north by an alley and land of Amos Doutt, on the west by —— street running between said land and land of Capt Greenlee, on the south by —— street running between said land and land of Washington Johnston, and on the east by —— street running between said land and land of Mr. Reisinger, on which is erected a two-story brick dwelling house, good frame stable, and other necessary outbuildings, all enclosed.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Hiram Meanor, at the suit of Thomas McCreery, also at the suit of Small & Walther.

ALSO NO. 8.

At same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to all those two certain lots, situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., being lots numbered 1327 and 1328, in the Economy plan of lots in said borough, said two lots adjoining each other, and bounded on the north by lot No. 1326, east by Beaver alley, south by Henry street, and on the west by Brighton street, each having a front of 43 feet on Brighton street, and extending back therefrom 145 feet to said alley, and having erected thereon a frame dryhouse, for drying brick, fronting about 50 feet on Henry street, and extending back 70 feet or thereabouts, one story in height, and with a shed attached, 12 feet wide, and extending the breadth of the dry house; also an engine house two storys high, 16 by 20 feet, attached to said dry house. Also all that certain other lot, situate in said borough, numbered 1326, in same plan, bounded on the north by lot No 1325, east by Beaver alley, south by lot No 1327, and on the west by Brighton street, being 43 feet front on Brighton street, and extending back therefrom 145 feet. Also all those three other lots in said borough, numbered 1419, 1420 and 1421, in said plan, said three lots adjoining each other, and together bounded on the north by lot No 1418, east by Brighton street, south by Henry street, and on the west by Brighton alley, each of said lots having a front of 43 feet on Brighton street, and extending back therefrom 145 feet to Brighton alley,

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Reid G. Bracken and J. M. Bracken, at the suit of Henrici and Lenz, Trustees.

ALSO NO. 9.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain parcel or lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., being No. 781, in the Economy plan of lots in said borough, bounded on the north by lot No. 780, east by Grant alley, south by lot No. 782, and on the west by Sherman street, being 43 feet front on Sherman street, and extending back therefrom 145 feet to Grant alley.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Henry Grose, at the suit of Jacob Henrici and Jonathan Lenz, trustees.

ALSO NO. 10.

At same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain parcel or lot of ground, situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., being lot No. 1332, in the Economy plan of lots in said borough, bounded on the north by lot No. 1337, east by Beaver alley, south by lot No. 1339, and on the west by Brighton street, being 43 feet front on Brighton street, and extending back therefrom 145 feet to said alley.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Henrici and Jonathan Lenz, trustees.

ALSO NO. 11.

At same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in, to and out of all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., being lot No. 536, in the Economy plan of lots in said borough, bounded on the north by Henry street, east by Lincoln alley, south by lot No. 537, and on the west by Johnston street, being 43 feet in front by 130 feet in depth, on which is erected a one-story frame dwelling house 18 by 28 feet, containing 3 rooms, with one-story frame kitchen, 12 by 14 feet, attached.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Joseph Pearson, at the suit of Jacob Henrici and Jonathan Lenz, trustees.

ALSO NO. 12.

At same time and place, all right, title, interst and claim of defendant, of in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., being lot No. 192, in Patterson's plan of lots in said borough, bounded south-east by Second street 117 feet, west by Second alley 95 feet, and on the north by lots No. 193 and 194 about 65 feet, on which is erected a frame dwelling house, two and one-half stories high, 24 by 22 feet, with 8 rooms and hall, and the attic partly finished, a shed kitchen 10 by 13 feet attached, cellar under the dwelling. Hydrant on the premises. Lot enclosed.

Also lots No. 194 and 195, in Patterson's plan, adjoining each other, and bounded on the north by Oak street about 115 feet, south-east by Second street about 146 feet, south by lot No. 192 about 25 feet, and on the west by lot No. 193 about 120 feet.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Cuthbertson at the suit of Jacob Henrici and Jonathan Lenz, trustees, also at the suit of John Reeves, cashier.

ALSO No. 13.

At same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of of Jacob S. Price, one of the defendands of in and to all those certain messuages, lotr or parcels of ground situate in the borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, being lot No. 106, and part of the adjoining lot No. 109, in the general plan of lots in said borough: bounded on the west by Second street about 64 feet, on the north by an alley about 170 feet, on the east by Third street 64 feet, and on the south by lot of William & Ann Clark about 170 feet, on which is erected a large two-story frame dwelling house, containing 10 rooms and kitchen, with cellar underneath. House well finished and in good repair, large cistern at the kitchen door. Good stable and other necessary outbuildings, fruit trees, grape vines, &c., on the premises, all enclosed with good fence.

Also all right title, interest and claim of John F. Price, one of the defendants of, in and to all those certain lots of ground situate in said borough of New Brighton, being lots and parts of lots Nos. 8 9 and 10, in the plan of school lots in said borough, bounded on the north by Lock street, east by lot of Edward Walsh, south by lot of Agustus Tomlinson, and on the east by the Penn avenue, on which is erected a good two-story brick dwelling house; with frame kitchen attached, having hall, parlor, dining room and kitchen on the first floor, three rooms on the second floor, cellar underneath the main building. Cistern with pump in the kitchen. House well finished and in good repair. All enclosed and planted with fruit trees, grape vines, &c.

Also all those certain lots of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., being lots Nos. 277 and 279, in Patterson's plan of lots in said borough, bounded on the north by lot No. 281, on the east by Water street, on the south by lot No. 275, and on the west by Water alley, each of said lots having a front of 40 feet on Water street.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jacob S. Price and John F. Price, at the suit of John Glass, and Samuel Dunbar for use of John Glass.

ALSO NO. 14.

At same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all those certain lots or pieces of ground situate in the borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., being lot No. 107, in the general plan of lots in said borough, bounded on the north by lot No 108, east by Third street, south by an alley, and on the west by Second street, having a front of 60 feet on Second street, and extending back therefrom 166 feet to Third street.

Also a part of lot No. 233 in the general plan of lots in said borough of New Brighton, bounded on the north by lot No. 232, east by Broadway, south by part of lot No. 233, and on the west by Canal street, having a front of 21 feet 8 inches on Broadway, and extending back therefrom 95 feet to Canal street, on which is erected a two-story frame store 21 feet 8 inches by 60 feet, with basement.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Corbus at the suit of Jacob Henrici and Jonathan Lenz, trustees, also at the suit of John Reeves, cashier.

ALSO NO. 15.

At same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain tract or parcel of land situate in Hanover township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by lands of Reason Wilcoxon, east by lands of Henry Russel's heirs and Duncan Swearengin, south by land of David D. Dungan and Archibald Ralston, and on the west by land of Adam Reed, said tract containing about 202 acres, on which is erected a two-story stone house, containing 6 rooms, with stone kitchen attached, and cellar underneath, good well of water at the door. Wagon shed, hay house, granary, frame barn 30 by 35 feet, and other necessary outbuildings, and good orchard on the premises About 150 acres cleared and balance in good timber.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of George W. Minesinger and Aaron Minesinger, at the suit of Wm. H. Frazier & Co.

ALSO NO. 17.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stake on the bank of Mill Creek, thence by land of W. C. Spence, south 68¾ deg, west 50 7-10 perches to a stake, thence by land of Joseph Bryan south 8 deg west 17 6 10 perches to a sugar tree, thence by land of Mrs. E. Morgan, north 78¾ degrees, east 28 4-10 perches to a stake; thence north 7½ degrees, east 13 35-100 perches to a stake, thence north 5 degrees west 3 75-100 perches to a stake; thence north 64¼ degrees, east 135-10 perches to a stake; thence along Mill Creek north 6½ degrees east 14-10 perches, thence north 25½ degrees, west 5 7-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 5 acres and 137 perches, and on which is erected a frame cottage house 1½ stories in hight, containing 2 rooms, with necessary outbuildings. Fruit trees, grape vines, &c., on the premises; also a 30 inch vein of coal, opened.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of James B. Jones, at the suit of W. Taylor.

ALSO NO. 17.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county. Pa., being a part of lot No. 104 in the general plan of lots in said borough, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the south by Third street, west by land of D. McKinney, Jr., north by other lands of said D. McKinney, Jr., and on the east by land of C. Decarme, having a front of 16 feet on said Third street, and extending back therefrom 65 feet, on which is erected a two-story frame house with store room on first floor and shed kitchen attached, two rooms on second floor, necessary outbuildings on the lot. All enclosed.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Sylvester Coyle, at the suit of Dr. D. McKinney

ALSO NO. 18.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county. Pa, being part of lot No. 105 in the general plan of lots in said borough, bounded on the north by Turnpike alley, east by lot of Jacob Driver, south by other part of lot No 105, west by lot formerly owned by Dr. McKinney, being 45 feet more or less on Turnpike alley, and extending southwardly 150 feet more or less there from to other part of said lot No 105, and a piece of ground adjacent thereto, being the one-half of ten foot alley laid out between said premises, beginning at the corner of a lot lately sold to Thomas McCreery about 40 feet distant from lot of Jacob Driver, on Third street, thence northwardly 5 feet to a post, thence westwardly 300 feet to Turnpike alley, thence eastwardly 5 feet to premises last above described, and thence northwardly on a line parallel to line of Driver's lot and 40 feet distant therefrom 300 feet to Third street aforesaid.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of H. M. Donehoo at the suit of McElroy and Dickson.

ALSO NO. 19.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain piece or tract of land situate in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by land of John Braden and the public road, east by land of Joseph Funkhouser, south by land of —— Frew and on the west by land of John Harbison, containing 57 acres, 37 acres cleared, on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house containing 4 rooms and kitchen, cellar underneath, frame barn 50x20 feet, good orchard of all kinds of fruit; 2 acres of grape vines. Good spring near the house.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Abram Inman at the suit of the Harmony Savings Bank.

ALSO NO. 20.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendants of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., bounded on the north by Water street, on the east by lot No. 35, on the south by Walnut run and on the west by Water street, upon which is erected a three story frame flouring mill about 60x70 feet, containing 4 sets of burs and all the machinery, &c., for a first class flouring mill. Good water power, 18 foot fall, two 40 inch turbine water wheels and one 25 inch turbine water wheel, all in good repair and running order.

Seized and taken in taken in execution as the property of the Beaver Falls Mill Company at the suit of Henrici and Lenz, Trustees.

ALSO NO. 21.

At the same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendants of, in and to all those two certain lots of ground numbered 6 and 16 in the plan of the town of Baden, as laid out by Christian Buckhart, on tract no 25, Leets district, No. 2, in the county of Beaver and State of Pa. Lot No. 6 is 50 by 100 feet, bounded on the south by lot No. 7, west by water street, north by lot No. 5, and on the east by Sycamore alley, on which is erected a two story frame house containing 4 rooms and kitchen, necessary outbuildings, and fruit trees on the lot. All enclosed. Lot No. 16 is 50 by 160 feet bounded on the south by lot No. 17, west by Sycamore alley, north by lot No. 15 and on the east by State street.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Moses Dugan and Martha J. Dugan at the suit of Christian Haller, for use.

ALSO NO. 22.

At same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all the following described parcel or tract of land situate in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., beginning at a white oak, thence by lands late of James Nicholson, north 79 degs. east 14 per. to a post, thence by land late claimed by the Population Company, north 66 deg, west 106 per. to a post, thence by land late of the said James Nicholson 2 1-2 degs. east 23 per. to white oak, thence by same south 84 deg, east 62 per. to the place of beginning, containing 11 acres, more or less, on which is erected a 1 1-2 story brick dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. The land is underlaid with a vein of coal, now open and in working order.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Woodcock & George Woodcock, at the suit of Lee & Patterson.

ALSO NO. 23.

At same time and place all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., being a part of lot No. 104 in the general plan of lots in said borough, bounded on the north by Turnpike alley, west by lot of Mrs. D. Shumaker, south by Third street, and on the west by other part of lot No. 104, having a front of 39 feet 8 inches on Third street, and extending back therefrom, the same width, 300 feet to Turnpike alley, on which is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, containing 4 rooms, with kitchen attached, lot enclosed.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of C. A. Decarme at the suit of W. W. Irwin.

☞ Purchasers will take notice that 10 per cent. upon all amounts of their bids will be required in hand, all bids under $50 will be required in cash at the time of the sale. If these conditions are not complied with, the property will be resold at the risk of the purchaser not complying with the terms of sale.

CHAMBERLIN WHITE, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, BEAVER, PA. August 15, 1873.

DAWSON & EAKIN,

AGENTS OF REAL ESTATE,

UNION HOTEL, BEAVER, PA.

We offer for sale the following described properties. For full particulars call at our office on Third Street:

No. 1.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

This farm is situate in Brighton tp., Beaver county, Pa., on the New Lisbon road, 4 miles from Beaver, containing 73 acres, more or less, on which is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, containing two rooms, kitchen and pantry on first floor and two rooms on second floor; a good cellar underneath; also a good frame barn, and stable and other necessary outbuildings. This farm is well watered, well timbered and under a good state of cultivation, and can be worked by machinery; excellent fruit on premises. Price $3,000. Inquire of John A. Eakin on the farm, or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Pa.

No. 3.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

This property is situated on 5th street, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., 40x130 feet with a 1½ story frame house and stable and other outbuildings erected thereon. Good fruit on the premises. Price $600. Inquire of Hice, Wilson & Moore, Esqs., or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Pa.

No. 4.

A FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

This propertp is situated on 3d street, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., extending along 3d street 130x300 feet, back to Turnpike alley, on which is erected a new brick dwelling house containing three rooms, large hall, kitchen and pantry on first floor, and 4 rooms and large hall on second floor, and an excellent cellar underneath and necessary outbuildings; large shade trees in front, fruit of various kinds on the premises. Price $3,600. Inquire of Hice, Wilson & Moore, Esqs., or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Pa.

No. 5.

House and lot situated on Fourth street, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., 150 by 54 feet, on which is erected a two-story frame house, containing two-rooms, kitchen, hall and pantry, with porch attached on first floor and two rooms and hall on second floor; a good cellar underneath and other outbuildings. Price $1,700, in payments. Inquire of Joseph White, or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver Pa.

No. 6.

A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

This property is situated on Beaver St., in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa. Lot 150 by 125 feet, on which is erected a new frame house containing three rooms and hall on first floor and three rooms and hall on second floor, with cellar underneath, cistern at the kitchen door, and all necessary outbuildings.

Price $3,000. Inquire of Andrew G. White, on the premises, or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Penna.

No. 7.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

This farm is situated in Brighton township, Beaver county, Pa., on a good road, four miles from Beaver, containing 150 acres, more or less, 110 acres cleared and the balance well timbered, on which is erected a two-story frame house, barn stable and other outbuildings; a good spring house convenient to house; also a spring in barn yard. This farm is well watered, being especially adapted to the raising of stock; it is under a good state of cultivation, and can be worked by machinery; good fruit on premises. Inquire of G. W. Walton or DAWSON & EAKIN, Beaver, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of William Kennedy, late of the borough of New Brighton, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Executor.

P. O. Address—Beaver, Pa. aug1 6t

KENWOOD BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Presents strong attractions to parents and guardians. A pleasant home; thorough instruction; healthful discipline; excellent library; new apparatus. Send for Catalogue. Liberal discount to clergymen. CHARLES JACOBUS, A. M., jy18 2m. Principal, New Brighton, Pa.

MITCHENER & GANGEWER,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

AND

SOLICITORS OF CLAIMS AND PATENTS,

326 Four-and a-half St. Washington, D. C.

We prosecute all kinds of claims against the government of the United States, before the Departments, Committee of Congress and Court of Claims. We procure patents and act as attorneys in patent cases. We make a specialty of Internal Revenue matters and Land Claims. Our terms on business sent us by attorneys will be one half the fee charged claimants. When a claim is sent us we will send the necessary blanks and instructions for its preparation, and will also keep our correspondents advised of all new laws, rulings and decisions in relation to claims. Send for Circula

MITCHENER & GANGEWER,

Attorneys at Law.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—Berks county has an innumerable quantity of mad dogs.

—Franklin interests itself in Knights of the cue, of its raising.

—Apples sold in Waynesburg last week at twenty five cents a bushel.

—The Philadelphia Centennial Commissioners have already expended $46,338.

—Mrs. Susannah Brooks died in Lancaster on the 22d inst., aged ninety-one years.

—Philadelphia sharpers are counterfeiting Cape May excursion tickets, and are reaping a rich harvest.

—The corner-stone of a new Methodist Episcopal church was laid in Mauch Chunk yesterday.

—One young lady in Lehigton has picked four hundred quarts of blackberries this season.

—The physicians of Elk, McKean, Potter and Cameron counties have formed a medical society.

—The shoe factory at Lewisburg was destroyed by incendiary fire on the 21st inst. Loss about 8,000; insured.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Vorse died very suddenly, in Lewisburg, on the night of the 21st inst., of appoplexy of the lungs.

William F. Lloyd, cashier of a bank at Wrightsville, has gone to parts unknown, leaving a deficit of $8,000 in his accounts.

—Black bass a foot in length and "catties" weighing three pounds can be caught in the Schuylkill at Birdsboro.

—Messrs. Rosensteel & Son, of Johnstown, carried off the first prize for manufacture of leather, at the Vienna exhibition.

—A "nice young man" has just "done" the people of Clarion out of about $500, in the shape of unpaid bills and money raised on forged notes.

—Governor Hartranft has approved the bill extending the charter of the Somerset and Mineral Point Railroad to Johnstown.

—The coal miner Ku-Klux, familiarly known as the Molly Maguires, are again sending out threatening letters to obnoxious persons in Schuylkill county.

—Mr. Jesse Macabee, of Sunbury, had a piece of glass extracted from his hand, the other day, which had been there for twelve years.

—A man jumped from the third story of the Mansion House, at Ashland, in his sleep, fell thirty feet to the ground, but was unhurt.

—Phaon Diehl, of Allentown, had a thumb bitten off by a horse, the other day. Well might he exclaim, "the de'il's in that horse!"

—The new directory just issued for Wilkesbarre puts the population of that city at 18,876, an increase since the census of 1870 of 9,802.

—Samuel Shirk, Sr., fell from his barn in Rothsville, Lancaster county, on the 19th inst., sustaining injuries from which he died on the 21st. His wife was killed by the cars about a year ago.

—Samuel Klapp, who run a scythe through the body of George Moyer, in Lancaster county, in June last, has been tried for the crime, and acquitted on the ground of insanity—not of the emotional order, however.

—The heaviest man in Harrisburg is Mr. Benjamin Singerly, the obese and good-natured State Printer; and next to him comes the keeper of a lager-beer saloon, who pulls down the scales to 315 pounds.

—A pair of twin brothers named Ellum, of Waynesburg, cut one hundred logs with a cross-cut saw, in one day, recently, the logs averaging two feet in thickness. Henry Amos felled the trees and trimmed for the sawers.

—The new Masonic Temple in Philadelphia is almost finished. The dedicatory ceremonies will begin on the 25th of September and continue three days. It is estimated that over 100,000 members of the mystic tie will be present and assist in the ceremonies.

—A State Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry will be organized in the city of Reading in the course of a few weeks. A grange will also be instituted at Douglassville, which will then make eight for Berks county.

—The Bedford *Gazette's* "oldest inhabitant," a negro woman named Delilah Fortune, who died recently in that town, was represented to have been 119 years old. It has since been proved by documentary evidence that her age was only 83 years.

—Seven stables were burned in Sunbury at an early hour on Saturday morning. For a time fears were entertained that the town would be destroyed, but by hard work the firemen gained the mastery and subdued the flames.

—Lizzie Gilgore, residing in Lancaster city, attempted to Shuffle off this mortal coil by taking a large dose of laudanum. She was discovered and physicians immediately summoned, who attended to the requisite wants.

—The officers and managers of the Somerset County Agricultural Society are actively engaged in arranging for the coming Fall fair. The grounds at Somerset are being rapidly repaired, and every accommodation will be given exhibitors of stock and other articles. Ex-Governor Curtin, Col. John W. Forney, and Edgar Cowan are among those invited to deliver the addresses.

Insurance.

CHAS. B. HURST'S

INSURANCE and GENERAL AGENCY,

(NEAR THE DEPOT.)

ROCHESTER, PA.

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYAN

FIRE, LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE; "Anchor" and "National" Lines of Ocean Steamers; "—dams" and "Union" Express Agent.

All kinds of Insurance at fair rates and liberal terms. Real Estate bought and sold. Deeds, Mortgages, Articles, &c., written; Depositions and Acknowledgements taken, &c., &c. Goods and Money forwarded to all parts of the United States and Canada. Passengers booked to and from England, Ireland, Scotland, France and Germany.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
CASH ASSETTS.....$6,000,000
"By their fruits ye know them."
Losses paid to Jan. 1, 1871.....$38,000,000
One of the oldest and wealthiest Companies in the world.

NIAGARA INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
CASH ASSETTS.....$1,500,000

ROYAL INSURANCE CO.,
OF LIVERPOOL, ENG.
CASH ASSETTS, GOLD.....$11,000,000

LYCOMING FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
OF MUNCY, PA.
CASH ASSETTS.....$6,000,000

ROCHESTER FIRE INS. CO.,
OF ROCHESTER, PA.
GEO. C. SPEYERER, President.
M. S. QUAY, Vice Pres.
JNO. GRÆBING, Secretary.
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If you want HOME INSURANCE procure a policy in the ROCHESTER INSURANCE CO. at this Agency.

ALPS INS. CO.,
OF ERIE, PA.
CASH CAPITAL.....$250,000

HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK.
CASH ASSETTS.....$3,500,00

TRAVELERS' LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
CASH ASSETTS OVER.....$2,250,945

Representing the above first class Insurance Companies, acknowledged to be amongst the best and most reliable in the world, and representing a gross cash capital of nearly $16,000,000, I am enabled to make insurance to any amount desired. Applications promptly attended to, and Policies written without delay, and at fair rates and liberal terms. *Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.* INSURE TO-DAY! By one year's delay you may lose the savings of years. Delays are dangerous, and life uncertain; therefore, Insure *to day!* "*One to-day is worth two to-morrows.*" Quality, also, is of the utmost importance. The low priced, worthless article, always proves the dearest. The above companies are known to be among the best and wealthiest in the world. "As ye sow that shall ye reap."

Grateful for the very liberal patronage already bestowed, I hope—by a strict attention to a legitimate business—not only to merit a continuance of the same, but a large increase the present year.

Mr. Stephen A. Craig is duly authorized to take applications and receive premiums at Freedom and adjoining townships.

CHAS. B. HURST,
(Near the Depot.)
ROCHESTER, PA.

Insurance.

TOLEDO MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

TOLEDO, OHIO.

CHARTERED IN APRIL, 1872

PAID UP CAPITAL

$120,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

HON. WW. JONES.	HON. C. R. SCRIBNER
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CHARLES COCHRAN, Secretary.

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THE TOLEDO MUTUAL

WILL ISSUE ALL THE

DIFFERENT KINDS OF POLICIES

USUALLY ISSUED BY

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

At the usual rates charged by other

Reliable Companies.

Those insured in this Company are permitted to travel by, the usual routes, to or from any portion of the Western Hemisphere, north of and including the United States, or to or from any portion of Europe, and to reside within said limits of travel, without extra charge.

AN EXCELLENT FEATURE.

UPON SURRENDER OF AN

ORDINARY LIFE POLICY

At any time after the payment of one

ONE FULL ANNUAL PREMIUM,

The holder of such policy will be entitled to just

AS MUCH PAID UP INSURANCE

As any other man of like age can

OBTAIN FOR A CASH PREMIUM

Equal to the

VALUE OF THE POLICY,

Computed in accordance with the rate of

Mortality and Interest

That may have been adopted as the standard fo the State for the

VLAUATION OF LIFE POLICIES

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that "THE ROCHESTER BUILDING ASSOCIATION, NO. 1," will be dissolved on the SECOND MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D., 1873. A FINAL MEETING of said Association, (whereat a general attendance of the members is requested,) will be held at 2 o'clock P. M., on the day aforesaid, at the room of the Association, in Rochester, Pa., when and where all persons having claims against said Association should present the same for settlement

M. CAMP, Jr., President.
E. KELBER, Secretary. aug15-3t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,
Pittsburgh August 11, 1873

This is to give notice: That on the 11th day of August, 1873, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of James B. Anderson of New Brighton, in the county of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Huron House, New Brighton, Pa., before P. A. Knox, Esq., Register, on the 10th day of September A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN HALL,
aug15-3t U. S. Marshal for said District.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by the Register of Beaver county and will be presented to the Judges of the Orphans' Court on Wednesday, September 3d, A. D. 1873, for confirmation and allowance:

Final account of Jackson Swearingen, guardian of Rachel E. and Nancy Reed, minor children of Samuel Reed, deceased.

Final account of Chas. F. Kaercher, administrator of Catharine F. Kaercher, deceased.

Final account of Jane Jackman, executrix of the estate of John Jackman, deceased.

Final account of John C. Reed, guardian of the estate of Louisa McElhaney, minor child of Geo. McCoy.

Final (real and personal) account of John Mengel, executor of George Mohr, deceased.

Final account of Martha McGeorge, administratrix of the estate of James McGeorge, deceased.

The accounts of J. P. Martin, guardian of Ella and Zerlina Eakin, minor children of William Eakin, deceased.

Final account of J. C. Wilson, administrator *cum testamento annexo* of the estate of William B. Alexander, deceased.

Final account of J. Webster Wilson, executor of Eliza O. Barker, deceased.

Final account of Marmaduke Wilson, administrator of the estate of David McCready, deceased.

Final account of Elizabeth and Jas. B. Ferguson, exr's. of David Furguson, deceased.

Final account of J. P. Martin, administrator *cum testamento annexo* of George Dilworth, deceased.

D. SINGLETON,
aug3-4t Deputy Register.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM KEVAN, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary to the estate of William Kevan, late of Hanover township, in the county of Beaver, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, whose post office address is Hookstown, in said county, all persons indebted to the said decedent's estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present the same properly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement.

PETER KEVAN, } Ex'rs.
JOHN SMILEY, }
aug22-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH JORDAN, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Jordan, dec'd., late of Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

aug22 6t J. S. HUDSON, Adm'r.

FRANKFORT ACADEMY.

The Fall Session begins Tuesday, September 2d, and ends December 19th, 1873.

Students in Languages and Mathematics are prepared for the junior class in college.

THE NORMAL DEPARTMENT

designed for those who wish to become practical teachers, will receive special attention. For further information address

J. H. VEAZEY, Principal,
aug22-3t Frankfort Springs, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

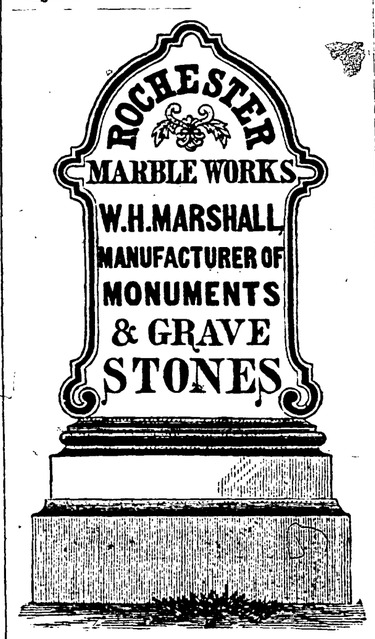
ESTATE OF WM. KENNEDY DECEASED.

The undersigned hereby notifies all parties indebted to said estate to call, settle and pay immediately, as the character of the business and condition of the estate require prompt adjustment and payment of all claims due.

Parties holding claims against said Kennedy are requested to furnish me a statement of the same without delay.

I may be found at the store of said Kennedy in New Brighton,

JOSEPH C. WILSON
Ex'r. of will of Wm. Kennedy, dec'd.
aug22-3t



We have on hand a LARGE STOCK of

FINE FINISHED HEADSTONES

Which we are selling as cheap as any other firm in the State. Also

Granite Monuments and Headstones

Furnished to order as reasonable as they can be had elsewhere. Persons wishing

MONUMENTS & HEADSTONES

should call and see us before purchasing elsewhere, as we will guarantee to sell a better job for less money than any other firm in Beaver county.

GRIND STONES AND FIXTURES.
CEMENTS OF ALL KINDS BY THE BARREL
mar14-6m W. H. MARSHALL, Rochester.

WANTED. We will give men and women BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY.

from four to eight dollars per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having leisure time girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address.

J. LATHAM & CO.,
my9tf 232 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Attorneys.

O. A. SMALL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEAVER, PENNA.
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE. [de20-1y

JAMES CAMERON. JOHN Y. MARKS.
CAMERON & MARKS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS.
ROCHESTER, PA.,
Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care and have superior facilities for buying and selling real estate. dec13 1y

F. H. AGNEW. J. M. BUCHANAN.
AGNEW & BUCHANAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
(NEAR THE POST OFFICE.)
oct4 BEAVER C. H., PA.

MARSHALL SWARTZWELDER . .... JNO. C. BARR.
SWARTZWELDER & BARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 66 GRANT STREET,
PITTSBURGH. [se22'71-1y

JACOB DAVIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 75 GRANT STREET,
(FIRST FLOOR.) PITTSBURGH.
se21'71-6m

GILBERT L. EBERHART.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Will give prompt attention to Collections, Procuring Bounties and Pensions, Buying and Selling Real Estate, etc.
OFFICE ON BROADWAY,
Opposite R. E. Hoopes' Banking House,
NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER CO., PA.
sep6'72-1y

J. H. M'CREERY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
THIRD STREET,
(First door below the Court House.)
jy1'70—1y. BEAVER, PA.

GIRARD HOUSE,
CORNER NINTH & CHESTNUT STREETS
PHILADELPHIA.
H. W. KANAGA,
dec11'68:1y Proprietor.

JOHN EAKIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MAIN T., BEAVER FALLS. [ja10'73

JOSEPH LEDLIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
(Office, in the Radical Building.)
BEAVER, PA.
All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. dec1'68:1y

JOHN B. YOUNG,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEAVER PA.
Office and residence on Third st. east of the Court House.
All law business entrusted to my care shall receive prompt attention. Also, persons having Real Estate for sale, and those wishing to buy town property, coal or farm lands, may save time and money by calling at my office. [apr29'71-1y.

THE UNITED STATES ORGAN.
MANUFACTURED BY
WHITNEY & RAYMOND.
CLEVELAND, OHIO.
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
In tone, finish, workmanship and durability.

The cases are of an entirely new and elegant design, paneled all round, richly carved and ornamented, highly varnished and polished, while those with French Mottled Walnut Panels are by far the most

ELEGANT AND ATTRACTIVE

Parlor Organ ever presented to the musical public.

The tone of the United States Organ is pure, smooth and pipe-like, while it has great volume and power. The action is quick, easy and elastic, making the instrument equally useful for sacred or secular music. The Organs are warranted for five years.

PRICES MODERATE,

And rated according to style. Styles from one up to forty.

Whoever wishes to purchase one of the above Organs can do so by calling upon or writing to

SMITH CURTIS,
RADICAL Office, Beaver, Pa.

ESTABLISHED IN 1838.
RE-ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
C. G. HAMMER & SONS,
Manufacturers of
FINE AND MEDIUM FURNITURE.
Of Every Description and Price.

Handsome and Superior in style and quality than found in most or any other Furniture House this side of the mountains.

Photographs and Price Lists sent on application, or when in the city don't forget the place—sign of the Large Golden Chair,

46, 48 and 50, Seventh Avenue,
m'r28-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

BEAVER SEMINARY,
BEAVER, PA.
Fall Session Opens September 9th, 1873
Primary, English, Collegiate and Musical Departments.

The building has undergone a thorough repairing. Rooms newly furnished. For particulars, Circular, etc, apply to

M. E. SCHEIBNER, Principal.
jy25tf Beaver, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Maria Christina Speyerer, dec'd.

Letters of administration on the estate of Maria Christina Speyerer, dec'd., late of the borough of Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement to

GEORGE C. SPEYERER,
jy25-3t Administrator.

SURE TO BE SEEN—YOUR NAME IN THE BEAVER RADICAL.

New Advertisements.

UNITED STATES

Piano Company.

$290.00.

IT COSTS LESS THAN

THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS

To make any

SIX HUNDRED DOLLAR PIANO

Sold through agents, all of whom make

100 PER CENT. PROFIT.

We have no agents, but ship direct to families

At Factory Price.

We make only one style, and have but

ONE PRICE.

TWO HUNDRED AND NINETY DOLLARS

Net Cash, with no discount to dealers or commission to teachers.

OUR LUMBER IS

THOROUGHLY SEASONED,

OUR CASES ARE

DOUBLE VENEERED

WITH ROSEWOOD.

Have front round corners, serpentine bottom and carved legs. We use

THE FULL IRON PLATE

WITH OVER STRUNG BASS.

French Grand Action

WITH TOP DAMPERS, AND OUR KEYS ARE

THE BEST IVORY

WITH IVORY FRONTS

OUR PIANO

HAS SEVEN OCTAVES.

Is 6 feet 9 inches long, 5 feet 4 inches [illegible] weighs 955 pounds, boxed.

EVERY PIANO IS FULLY

WARRANTED

FOR FIVE YEARS.

SEND FOR

ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR

In which we refer to over 700 Bankers, Merchants, &c., (some of whom you may know,) using our Pianos in 44 States and Territories.

U. S. PIANO CO.,
810 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Please state where you saw this notice.

may 22-1m.